Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
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Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

NESTLE'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 55,048—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
4th June,	INDIA	7911		
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
18th ,,	HIMALAYA	6898		
25th ,,	DEVANHA	6092	PERSIA	7951
2nd July	CORAKA	6610		
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
16th ,,	ARABIA	7903		
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
30th ,,	CALEDONIA	7548		
6th August	SALSETTE	6093	MOLDAVIA	9900
13th ,,	EGYPT	7912		
20th ,,	SALSETTE	6093	MONGOLIA	9508
27th ,,	HIMALAYA	6898		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 p. m., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to
A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES Booked without charge.
BERTHS Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,588	L. Mancini	15th June 1910
Duca BALDUINO	4,480	G. Ronchi	15th July 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,589	L. Mancini	15th Aug. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
JAPRI	6,000	D. Moresco	17th June 1910.
ISONZO	6,000	G. Resito	17th July 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Moresco	17th Aug. 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—
G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.
No. 59 Hornby Road.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers, Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
KOLA 1,295	Thur, 2nd June	9 a.m.	Q Mandvi.
LINGA 2,171	Fri. 3rd June	6 a.m.	Direct †
DUMRA 1,699	Mon. 6th June	11 a.m.	P.D & O.M.*

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.
*Forcounder, Dwarka, and O. Mandvic.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1,295 tons, on Thursday, 2nd June, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomerah, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,147 tons, on Monday, 6th June calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Basrah.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LALPOORA," 3,269 tons, sailing on or about the 4th June.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.
31st May, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
NERA	3,533	Martin	9th June 1910.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	7th July ,,
DUMBEA	3,885	Robufat	4th Augt ,,
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	1st Sept. ,,
POLYNESIEN	4,363	,,	29th Sept. ,,
NERA	4,534	Martin	27th Oct. ,,
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains:	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	17th June 1910.
POLYNESIEN	6363	,,	15th July 1910.

For further particulars apply to—
G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
MASSILIA	4691	J. Thomson	8th June 1910
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	22nd ,,
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne R. N. R.	19th July ,,
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	29th ,,
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th August ,,
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	26th ,,
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. ,,
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th ,,
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	14th Oct. ,,
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	26th ,,
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. ,,
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	26th ,,

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

s.s. Umsinga...4,500 Tons, Sailing about 23rd July 1910
Fare.—Rs. 375.

For further particulars, apply to:
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

SHIPPING.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS IN MAY 1908.

BAKER VIDAL & CO.,
BOMBAY.
ARMY, EAST INDIA AND GENERAL SHIPPING AGENTS,
Opened an Indian Branch of
F. P. BAKER & CO., London.

Owing to the increase of their business they are now compelled to move into more extensive premises. Their new address is:—
WHITAWAY, LAIDLAW BUILDING.
Letters should be addressed—
"POST BOX 268, BOMBAY."
Telegrams:
"WHEVIBA, BOMBAY."

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SHIPPING—in all its branches. Passages booked to all parts of the World free of charge. Passengers met and assisted on arrival and departure. Baggage, etc., cleared and despatched at lowest rates. Fullest information of sailings by all Lines sent on application. Freight despatched at regular intervals by cheap cargo steamers.

SUPPLY—Goods of every possible kind obtained from the cheapest markets. Absolutely inclusive quotations for delivery of goods to any station in the East are given free of charge.

INSURANCE of every kind. Baggage insured against all risks, damages and pilferage from any place in India, &c., to any place at Home at the lowest possible rates.

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F. P. BAKER & CO.,
4 and 5, BOND COURT,
WALBROOK, E. C.

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COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, BAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
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TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
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A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	,, 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Lisoyang	Ryojun Port Arthur
Changchung	Lyons	Peking
Dairen (Dalny)	Pengtien Mukden	San Francisco
Hankow	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tiehling
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
London		

LONDON BANKER:—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort. Bombay Manager.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

CORAL

PRECIOUS & SELECTED CORAL

MOST FASHIONABLE AT PRESENT.

WE have obtained from an entirely new source of supply and have on show a stock of the Finest Coral which differ in a very large degree from the usual texture. The peculiar fine and waxen smoothness, the excellent polished surface which imparts brightness and lustre coupled with the most beautiful and delicate shade of pink—just the least tint of rose, have secured for this quality of PRECIOUS SELECTED CORAL, prominent attention by critical judges in the art of Fashion in Jewellery.

There are different qualities of Coral. There is the DEAD or ROTTEN CORAL which is used for making small dishes and bowls; the BLACK CORAL which is chiefly used in the manufacture of ornaments of mourning; the third is the ORDINARY RED CORAL which supplies materials for Handles of Sticks, Umbrellas, &c. Pieces of fine quality of Red Coral are sometimes beautifully carved which considerably enhances their value; and lastly there is the SELECTED PRECIOUS CORAL which is a material as important for decorative and ornamental purposes as precious stones and pearls. Its value is determined according to the caprice of fashion in the same way as, Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphires and Pearls, &c. In Europe at the present time the Coral most admired is that of the fresh rose colour which are pieces of exceptional beauty. At a recent Fisheries Exhibition a Coral Necklace of fine flesh tint was exhibited, and was valued at £6,000 or Rupees 90,000 (Nearly a lakh of rupees). The Queen of Italy possesses a carved Coral handle for a sunshade which is worth nearly Rs. 10,000.

SELECTED PRECIOUS CORAL is worn generally in the form of Necklaces, Bracelets, Rosaries, Charms, &c. Carved Coral, in beautiful Cameos and carvings, representing trees, insects, figures and artistic subjects are usually set in Brooches, Pins, Bracelets and Necklaces.

Coral offerings in some countries are made to the dead with the belief that it has the power of preventing the occupation of the body by evil spirits. Apart from credulity associated with Corals in the direction of religion, there are many who hold to the belief that the wearing of Coral exercises a wonderful influence on the health of the wearer, believing it to be a certain index to health. When coral remains bright during continuous use, perfect health is indicated, but should it lose colour and brightness, it is a sign of disease and loss of health. The Romans used to Coral-bead the necks of infants to "preserve and fasten their teeth" and save them from "the falling sickness"; even in the present day, parents hang Corals round the neck of children as a preservative against fits. Sea-faring men look upon Coral as a charm against lightning, whirlwinds, shipwreck and fire, &c.

We do not pretend that the Corals which we are at present offering carry value from a superstitious point of view, but we certainly declare that they will make up into the most beautiful Jewellery mounted alone or in combination with other Gems, particularly with diamonds in clusters. If you have never seen GOOD CORAL you have the opportunity of inspecting a unique collection at

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, &c.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

REDUCED PRICES. (Offer No. 1.)
FROM 1st to 15th JUNE.
DUTCH HAVANAS.

		Rs.	A.
Prima Vera	per 50	6	8
El Balcon	,, 50	5	0
La Silvera	,, 50	4	8
La Crema	,, 50	4	0

The above are the same quality as our El Aliento, but only differ in size and shape.

		Rs.	A.
Spotted Dogs, Neuberg's	per 50	3	8
Spotted Dogs, Merriman's	,, 100	3	0
La Zenobia, Spotted	,, 100	7	8
La Simpatica	,, 100	6	0

The above smoke dry during the Rains and are much in Demand all the year round.

Up-country orders by V. P. Post or Rail.
TRIAL SOLICITED, SATISFACTION ASSURED.

CIGAR MERCHANTS, TOBACCONISTS, D. MERWAN & CO., MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO H. M. THE KING-EMPEROR.

And to H. E. LORD MINTO, Viceroy and Governor-General of India.
And H. E. Sir GEORGE CLARKE, Governor of Bombay.

LIPTON'S
TEAS,
COFFEE,
COCOA,
WINES,
SPIRITS,
PROVISIONS.
"ASK FOR LIPTON'S."
QUALITY GUARANTEED.

QUININE ELIXIR
(ELIXIR CHINA)

THE best Tonic for the System, containing all the properties of the peruvian bark, aids digestion, and prevents fever attacks; pleasant to the taste. It is recommended to convalescents.

DOSE.—A liqueur glass before or after meals.
OBTAINABLE IN LITRE BOTTLES,

RS. 5-12
FROM
MONGINI BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.
NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Another Newspaper Canard!

THE "BEST" GOLF BALLS HAVE NOT BEEN RAISED IN PRICE.

DUNLOPS STILL
Rs. 1-8.

BRAID & HERD using Dunlop 'Juniors' beat Vardon & Taylor twice during April.

Within the last few days the following records have been made with DUNLOPS:—
Fraserburgh (pro.), Aberdeen (pro.), Leven new course (amateur), Llandrindod (pro.), Walsall (amateur), Ladbrook Park (pro.).

DUNLOP RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.,
3, Wallace Street, BOMBAY. 188c Mount Road, MADRAS.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

MANUFACTURERS OF - - -
Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -
furnished on Application.
Hyderaulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - - - -
manufactured Work imported or otherwise, Contracted for it any part of India.
We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to unable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - - -
Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards
Bellasis Road, Byculla, BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.

'Importers of:—

KEROSINE OIL.
PETROL.
LIQUID FUEL.
PARAFIN WAX, &c.

"SILVERLIGHT" CASE OIL 150° — FOR BUNGALOW USE.
"RISING-SUN" KEROSINE — FOR ALL ILLUMINATING PURPOSES.
"SHIP." BRAND KEROSINE — FOR LIGHTING SHOPS.
"COBRA AND SWAN" KEROSINE — FOR OIL ENGINES.
"SHELL" BRAND PETROL — HIGHEST WORKING RESULTS.
LIQUID FUEL — FOR DIESEL OIL ENGINES.
"PESTERINE" — FOR PLAGUE PREVENTION.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazaar Street BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

CLOSING OF THE KHOPOLI BRANCH DURING THE MONSOON.

WITH effect from the 15th June, 1910, and until further notice the KHOPOLI BRANCH LINE will be CLOSED for all descriptions of Through and Local Traffic.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 31st May, 1910.

MATHERAN STEAM TRAMWAY.

THE MATHERAN STEAM TRAMWAY will be CLOSED early in June for the monsoon. The date will be notified hereafter.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 31st May, 1910.

THE ROYAL GOOD HOPE ESPLANADE BAR,

WITH JOHN ROBERT'S BILLIARD SALOON by OLD PARSEE GEORGE, REMOVED after 22 years from the 1st Esplanade Cross Lane to the new 3rd ESPLANADE CROSS LANE, opposite to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company. McEWAN'S English Pale Ale on Draught, near Crawford Market, a few minutes' walk from Tramway Line. Wine, etc., of the best quality. Charges comparatively very moderate. Bundles of clothing, money, etc., taken charge of by the Barman for safe custody.

Proprietor: C. P. COMBIGUR.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the entire concern of the "Akbar-E-Soudagar" NEWSPAPER & PRESS, comprising Printing Presses, various descriptions of Press Material, perquisites, office furniture, other effects, and goodwill of the said Newspaper has been SOLD by the mortgagees in possession thereof and duly given in charge of the parties concerned as from this 1st day of June, 1910, and that henceforth the said Newspaper and all matters of and concerning the same and the Press connected therewith will be conducted for those concerned under the name and style of MANECKSHAW MANCHERSHAW and Co. All persons having dealings with the said Press or the said Newspaper are requested to note this change of ownership and see that all receipts, bills and other vouchers in any wise concerning the said Newspaper or Press and have been duly issued and signed MANECKSHAW MANCHERSHAW and Co. and that nothing otherwise signed will be recognised by or for the proprietors.

MANECKSHAW MANCHERSHAW & CO.
Dated 1st June, 1910.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI COOVERBAI, wife of BOMONJEE COOVERJEE LILAOWALLA, has agreed TO SELL to our client the property hereinafter mentioned.

All persons having any claim or demand against the said property by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or lien or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their office, in Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the quit and ground rent Tenure together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Pitha Street within the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 53 square yards or thereabouts, and bearing Collector's Old No. 252, New No. 512, Old Survey No. 471, and New Survey No. 8939, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1426, Street No. 9, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Sorabjee Nusserwanjee Darawalla, on or towards the South by the said Pitha Street, on or towards the East by the property of Eduljee Aspandiarjee Mithaiwalla, on or towards the West by the property of Dr. Kanga.—Dated this 31st day of May, 1910.

WADIA, GHANDY & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that THAKER NARONJEE DWARKADAS, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, has agreed TO SELL to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim or demand against the said property by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or lien or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, in Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and two chawls standing thereon, and enclosed by a compound wall situate lying and being at Falkland Road, near Grand Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2360 square yards or thereabouts, including the land measuring 1102 square yards, with the Theatre house built thereon, leased to Parsee Nowrojee Dhunjibhoy Golwalla, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 153, New No. 13657, Old Survey No. 16, and New Survey No. 5588, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under D Ward Nos. 2324, 2325 and 2326, Street Nos. 3, 4 and 411 to 429, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Nusserwanjee Merwanjee Panday and others, Trustees of the Panday Charity Funds and now known as the Royal Theatre, on or towards the South by the said Falkland Road, on or towards the East by the property of Jairam Lukkmidas now known as "Manek Building", and on or towards the West by the property of Goolbai, widow of Monockjee Sorabjee Powwalla.—Dated this 30th day of May 1910.

WADIA, GHANDY & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

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BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg	6 8 2	per case.
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Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	„ „
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„ 125 deg (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

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BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ... „ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay).

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

THE HONBLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhowanagar.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Harnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

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Madras	Bangkok	Shanghai
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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

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BRANCHES:
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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
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THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the some of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE of a Valuable Piece of Land at Andheri, opposite to Andheri Railway Station.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of June, 1910, at the hour of 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the undermentioned property by order of Mr. J. Branson, the Official Assignee of Madras, and with the consent of Mr. Jafferbhai Somjee, the mortgagee of the said property.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Andheri, in Salsette Taluka, in Sub-district of Bandra, District Thana, containing by admeasurement 4,916 square yards or thereabouts, th annual Assessment whereof is Rs. 5-5-0 bearing Survey No. 37-28, Plot Nos. 1-4-1-2-4-5-6, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east by Station Road, on or towards the west by Ghod Bunder Road, on or towards the north partly by the land of Vasudeo Ramchandra Jeyker, and partly by the land of Balkrishna Harischandra Rane, and on or towards the south by new public road.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Jehangir, Mehta and Somjee, Attorneys for Mr. J. Branson, the Official Assignee of Madras.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE JEWELLERY.
H. C. Suit No. 238 of 1908.
Jamnavahoo vs. Jivavahoo.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit, Messrs. Crawford and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of June 1910, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) in the Receiver's Office, in High Court Building, the following very valuable jewellery, comprising diamond and emerald necklace, pearl bangles, pearl necklaces, ear-drops, ear-rings, necklets, diamond rings, pearl head, nose and neck ornaments, diamond, brilliants and saphire rings, pearl armlets, pearl head-dress, nose rings, pearl armlets and bangles, ruby bangles, diamond ring, diamond necklace, ear-drops, pearl and ruby bangles, pearl vanks, diamond and pearl ear-rings, pearl and emerald bangles, diamond and ruby earrings, and other ornaments.

The above will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 1st June, 1910

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 25, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of old and unserviceable Materials and Stores, at the G. I. P. Railway Stores Depot, Parel.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the G.I.P. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel:—

A quantity of old and unserviceable materials and stores consisting of steves for casks, K. oil tins, lamps of sorts, brackets, drums, paint cans, varnish tins, G. I. buckets, mortar pans, scammede pans, G. I. Pipes, &c., platform weighing machines, sluice valves, coir matting, mattresses, hoof iron, trolly wheels, furniture, wooden barrels, glass, Manilla rope and leather cuttings, cooking stove, cloth cuttings, canvas and leather pipes, I. R. piston, packing rings and rubber pipes, I. R. and canvas vacuum pipes, zinc lining, clocks, bells, leather belts, flags, copper utensils, iron chain, brass couplings, jack screws, hammers, augers, locks, enamelware, type writers, C. I. weights, ratchest braces, hand saws, grindstone, water meter, earthenware, card board, woollen and cotton suits and sundry, other stores, &c.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down, and the balance must be paid and the materials removed away within one month from the day of the sale, failing which ground rent will be charged by the Railway Company.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD STORES, SHIP'S FURNITURE, FITTINGS, BOATS, &c., &c.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 2nd June, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the F. & O. S. N. Co.'s Dockyard, Mazagon.

A quantity of old stores, ship's requisites, fittings, etc., consisting of old canvas, sails, canvas cutting, old flags, old ropes, brass, copper, lead and wooden fittings, broken glass, and crockeryware, boats, Europe rope, brass fittings, knives, carpets, old troops, mess utensils, leather belting, rubber cuttings, ironware, and miscellaneous other articles.

Purchasers will have to pay whatever customs, duty, etc., that may be and clear the goods within ten days from the date of auction.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON PICKINGS.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I Railway Co., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 4th June, 1910, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at the Company's Colaba Goods Depot, near the Tramway Company's Stables.

A quantity of cotton pickings.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 1st June, 1910.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
10, BANK STREET, FORT.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION sale of 36 new gold Gent's and Ladies' Watches and 4 pairs Gold Bracelets.

Under instructions from Messrs. J. R. Patell and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor, Mr. S. Goldenberg, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, opposite the Government Central Press, in Bank Street, Fort, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

36 New Gold Gent's and Ladies' Watches, some of which are set with diamonds and rubies.

4 pairs gold English bracelets.

The above will be sold singly to suit purchasers and is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 1st June, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MSADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of June, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), the following:—

30 dozens ruby and other coloured vases.
60 dozens large vases.
5 pair 400 yards cretonnes
50 dozens Lady's chemise.
250 bottles Berry's blacking.
1 S. H. brief size Remington typwriter.
5 Hall clocks, hour and half-hour striking, fifteen days's winding.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 1st June, 1910.

BENNETT & COMPANY
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 4th instant, at 2 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

By order of Mr. Ahmed bin Essa Khalifa and on joint account and at the joint risk of Messrs. Ahmed bin Essa Khalifa and Yusuf bin Essa and Jassim bin Mahomed, the following:—

One light easy running carriage.
One do do do
One Arab horse.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 1st June, 1910.

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A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders, Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT,

Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for the designs and decorating Government House Commissioner Milner 1903, S. Africa.

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Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

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Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

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scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

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Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

S. KISSEL,
Acting Manager.

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RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ... ...Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ... ...Gold $3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Empire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund ..... $ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund ..... £ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA.	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 403, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST RATE CAR in First Rate Order. Special 15 H. P. Mass (developing about 24 H. P.) dual ignition, glass screen, hood, stepney wheel, speedometer, Patent whistle-horn, lamps, tools, etc., all in first rate order. Body built by Brainsley of Longacre. Brought out from home 15 months ago. Has always been driven by English chauffeur.

This Car won 2 Silver Cups for speed at home and 1 Silver Cup for hill climbing.

It is a very fast Car, and most comfortable. Any reasonable trial.

The Car can be seen at

MESSRS. HORMASJI SORABJI AND SONS,
5-12, Queen's Road.

Price Rs. 5,000.

A YOUNG PARSEE GENTLEMAN with sound European Scientific and practical training in Dyeing desires responsible position in a Weaving Mill or Dye-Works.

For further information as to testimonials, &c. please write to:—

V. care of Messrs. H. S. KING & Co.,
65, Corn Hill, London, E. C.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Nuwara-Eliya.
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE,
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per hlf year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a., rules on applications.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, May 30.

Consols 2 1/2 per cent. ... ... 82 5-8 unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs 25-26 1/2 —0-1
Exchge 3 per cent. ... ... 96 3-4 unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London ...20-49 1-2—0-1
Bar Silver Spot.... ... ...24 11-16 unchgd
Do. 2 months hence... ... 24 3/4 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent. ... 63 3-16 —1-16
Exchange on India 30 days' sight.1-3-12 1-2 unchgd
(Bank buying rate).
Discount Bank of England Rate 4 per cent. since 17-3-10
Amount paid into the Bank of England about ... ... £ 125,000
3 1/2 per cent, Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)... ... ...96 3-4 unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight... 3 1-2 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight 3 5/16+1-16
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months... 3 7-8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months... 4 1/8 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ... 77-9 unchgd
Interest day to day loans 3 3-4unchgd
Do. of day market loans ... 3 7-8unchgd

MANCHESTER, May 30.

COTTON.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ... Bales. 13,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp .....
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ... 100
Do. Day's Imports... ... ...
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot—Fair demand, steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ... Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market... ... Firm.
Mid-Americans ... ... 8-12+1
Egyptian F.G.F. ... ... 14 5/16 unchgd

	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O
Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G.O.C.	7-76	7-70	7-64	7-38	6-85
	+2	+2	+1	+1	+1

	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.
Liverpool	6-74	6-65	6-63	6-52
	+1	+1	+1	+1

NEW YORK, May 30.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—
Futures at New York ..... } Holiday.
Do at New York ..... }
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...14 15-16unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ... ...Dull.
Futures at New Orleans ... ...July 14-78—6
Do. at New Orleans ... ...Oct. 12-55—14

LONDON, May 30.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal 5 14-32
F. G. Bengal 5 18-32
Fine Bengal 5 22-32
Good Broach 6 28-32
F G Broach 7 2-32
Fine Broach 7 6-32

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 56 3/4
" " months, June-July.
" " Ports, Antwerp.
" " Buyers, sellers, &c., Sellers

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

New South Wales 31 3-4
Months—March.
Buyers, etc.—nominal.
Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 31 1-2
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Done.
Wheat Afloat for United Kingdom ... 39,10,000

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship 41 3/4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 39
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 36 1-2
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers,etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Strong.
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 58 1-2
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 10-1 Sellers.

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. ...
India double bags, ... 18 3/4
Months of Shipment, July-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

ARRIVALS.

"Hindoo", "Ville de la Ciotat".

BOMBAY, MAY 31.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened steady at 1s. 3 29-32d. for T.T., 1s. 3-15-16d for Demand and 1s. 4 5-32d. for 3 months' Credit Bills.

We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready ... ... 1s. 3 29/32d.
D. D. Mail ... ... 1s. 3 15/16d.
T. T. Forward ... ... 1s. 3 15/16d. July-Aug.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready 1/3 31/32
Credits 3 m/s ,, ... 1s. 4 1-8d.
,, ,, Forward ... ... 1s. 4 5/32d.
,, 6 m/s Ready ... ... 1s. 4 1/4d Aug.
France 3 m/s ,, ... 169 3/4
Marks 3 m/s ,, ... 137 3/4
60 d/s. Hongkong 133
,, Shanghai 178 1/4
,, Japan 151
The market is quiet.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The settlement for the 31st May has been made and no change of importance has taken place in the market. The day before yesterday "Teji Mundi" had been fixed at Rs. 95-2-6 and it was anticipated that very little fluctuation will take place. The market opened at Rs. 95-3-6 and settlement has been made at Rs. 94-4-6 and for forward, half to one anna lower was quoted.

BULLION.

Bar silver was unchanged in London at Rs. 24 11-16. Business in the morning for the settlement was done at Rs. 72-5-0. Private telegrams advised that market was firm. Being very little demand price declined by one anna and closed at Rs. 72-4-0. Business of 50 to 60 slabs was done.

The Gold market was firm and steady. Up-country demand was nil, but local inquiry being good, price was put up by one anna. In sovereigns there is no change to report.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 Fakirsett	23	8	0
97 Chintu	23	7	0
National Bank	24	1	6
Chartered Bank	24	1	0
Sovereigns Shield ...	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	1	0
English	24	0	9
Naive Ballion	24	0	9
Indian Specie Bank	24	0	9

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
117 1/2 Penny	72	5	0
117 Penny	72	4	0
Local per tola	0	11	3

FUTURES.

First Settlement	72	4	0
Second do	72	10	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed :—Quiet. London prices were 3d. down. There were sellers for ready and forward steady. Prices were declined by an anna.

Rapeseed :—London prices were 3d. up and there being good demand prices locally were put up by an anna.

Wheat :—Quiet but steady. London prices were unchanged. Very little business is passing and prices remained same.

Mowrassed :—Dull. Demand being dull, and there being sellers, prices declined by 2 annas.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, Gingellyseed, and Groundnuts :—Steady. Moderate business is passing and prices remained unchanged.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 9 15 0
Linseed, Small ...	... ,, 9 12 0
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore ...	... ,, 5 14
Yellow do. ...	... ,, 6 8
Do. Gujarat ...	... ,, 6 11
Poppyseed ...	... ,, 9 8
Castorseed ...	... ,, 36 to 37
Mowrseed... ...	... ,, 6 8
Maize	... ,, 18 0
Groundnuts ...	... ,, 45
Mustardseed ...	... ,, 85 to 92
Gingellyseed ...	... ,, 43 to 53
Khandesh Howri ...	} ,, 51 to 52
Gulburga do. ...	
Kalbur do. ...	
Itarsi do. ...	
White Gin, Bold 95/5	} ,, 47 to 50
Do. do do 85/15	
Do. do, do. 75/25...	
Do. Mixed 50/50...	
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...	} ,, 45 to 46
Do. do. 85/15...	
Gin, Black Beaver ...	} ,, 44 to 45
Do. do. Gadag ...	
Gin Red Khandwa ...	} ,, 45 to 47
Do. Moggi ...	
Do. Yellow Hinganghat	} ,, 50 to 53-8
Do. do. Secunderabad	
Do. do. Gujarat	
Do. Black Kutni	} ,, 43 to 44
Do. Ahmedabad...	
WHEAT—	
Pissi	... ,, 32 to 34
Hard Red... ...	... ,, 31 to 32
Cottonseed ...	— ,, 23 to 24

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Monday, 30th May :—

Wheat	23,927 cwts
Linseed	14,082 ,,
Rapeseed	7,982 ,,
Gingellyseed	2,152 ,,
Poppyseed...	3,718 ,,
Groundnuts..	741 ,,
Castorseed	4,282 ,,
Rice	115,014 ,,
Myrabollams.	7,380 ,,
Cottonseed	28,760 ,,
Mowrasseed...	115 ,,
Gram	12,317 ,,
Joowar	..... ,,
Maize	..... ,,

LOCAL YARN.

There was a good enquiry in our Yarn market and the following business was done :—

500	Edward Sassoon	No. 10s	at	6-14
500	Finlay	,, 10s	,,	7-1
500	Swan	,, 10s	,,	7-9
300	New City	,, 20s	,,	5-4
100	David	,, 10s	,,	7-1
200	Sun	,, 10s	,,	6-13
200	Indo-China	,, 20s	,,	8-1
200	do	,, 10s	,,	6-15
500	Phoenix	,, 10s	,,	6-14 vase
500	do	,, 10s	,,	7-1 cow
500	do	,, 20s	,,	8-2
100	Currimbhoy	,, 12s	,,	7-2

SPINNGS.

Nothing of importance is going on. Settlement is approaching and buying and selling has been done in earnest. Yet prices remained easier and in some shares prices are slightly advanced.

Petits opened at Rs. 283 7 1-2 and closed at Rs. 2,832 1-2.

Currimbhoy			985
Colaba			1,100
Kohinoor			685
Davida			332 1-2
Framji Petits			1705
Standard			1,062 1/2
Fazalbhai			217 1-2
Finlay Mills			230

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	...	...	1470
India ...	...	...	67
Specie Bank ...	...	...	53 1/4
Merchants Bank ...	...	...	10 1-4
Eastern Bank ...	...	...	71

PRESSES.

Mofussil ...	...	...	820
Port Canning ...	...	...	782 1/2
Badnera... ...	...	...	147 1-2
Maratha ...	...	...	190

RAILWAYS.

Tapti-Valley ...	...	...	485
Bombay E. S. and T. C. Pref.			160
Bombay E. S. and T. Co. Ord.			94
Steam ...	...	...	295

COTTON.

Liverpool was 1 to 2 points up and New York was closed. The local market was quiet and there being moderate demand from exporters and mills, prices for ready lots fluctuated a little. The opener being 1 to 3 points down it had a firm effect on the local market and sellers being more prices for futures declined by Rs. 1 to Rs. 2. In the morning good Broach new crop was quoted Rs. 293 and closed easier at Rs. 292.

We learn of the following purchases :—

Bales.			Rs.
500	Bussank	—Broach	... 333
200	Bombay Co	— do	... 327-329
100	Walace Co	— do	... 318
100	A Blasbeck & Co	...Mathia	... 267
200	H Goculdas & Co	...Nagpar	... 250
300	Tata & Co	— do	... 304
500	S J David	...Hinganghat	... 275
100	Madhowji Mills	...Mundsa	... 300
100	Finlay MuirMills	...Khandesh	... 263
200	Indo ChineseMills...	do	...270-272
200	do	...Bengal	...266-270
200	Currimbhai Mill ...	do	... 265
100	do	...Anjar	290
	Bengal Hand Gin. Fine		... 286
	,, Good		... 254
	Bengal Machine Gin. Fine		... 286
	,, Good		... 271
	Sind Punjab Fine		... 283
	,, Good		... 268
	Khandesh Fine		... 289
	Good		... 279
	Amraoti Fine		... 303
	,, Good		... 293
	Akola Knangaum Fine		... 303
	,, Good		... 293
	Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine		... 304
	,, Good		... 294
	Yeotmal Fine		... 305
	,, Good		... 298
	Nagpore Fine		... 311
	,, Good		... 301
	Wardha Hinganghat Fine		... 315
	,, Good		... 305
	Methia Fine		... 287
	,, Good		... 277
	Broach Gin Fine		... 328
	,, Good		... 322
	Sawginned Fine		... 328 May
	Coompta Ginned		... 319 ,,
	Westerns ,,		... 307

FUTURES.

Broach Good ...	...	...	... 292 Mar.
Bengal F G ...	...	...	... 320 Jan.

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Monday, 30th May :—

Khandeish ...	...	...	..... Bales.
Central India...	...	...	1,466 ,,
Barsi and Nagur	...	...	75 ,,
Berar	...	...	533 ,,
Central Provinces	...	...	366 ,,
Comrse... ...	...	...	2,461 ,,
Dholera ...	...	...	1,192 ,,
Broach... ...	...	...	1,611 ,,
Coompta and Dharwar		...	2,078 ,,
Westerns ...	...	...	355 ,,
Bengals (N. W. P.)...		...	228 ,,
Rajputana ...	...	...	661 ,,
Sind	...	...	194 ,,
Persian ...	...	...	..... ,,
Other sorts ...	...	...	..... ,,
Total ...			8,720 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, May 31.

Opening Tone and Prices.			
Opening Tone ...	...	...	Quiet but steady
Estimated Sales ...	...	...	8,000
Total Imports ...	...	...	14,000

Future Delivery Prices :—

May—June ...	...	...	...	7-76 same.
June—July ...	...	...	...	7-68 — 2
July—Aug. ...	...	...	...	7-63 — 1
Aug.—Sept. ...	...	...	...	7-36 — 2
Sept.—Oct. ...	...	...	...	6-93 — 2
Oct.—Nov. ...	...	...	...	6-71 — 3
Nov.—Dec. ...	...	...	...	6-62 — 3
Dec.—Jan. ...	...	...	...	6-60 — 3
Jan.—Feb. ...	...	...	...	6-59 — 3

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	May. Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp — ...	13 0	... 13 6
Dunkirk	13 0	... 13 6
Havre	13 0	... 13 6
Hull	13 0	... .
Liverpool	13 6	... 14 0
Marseilles	13 6	... 14 0
Genoa	13 0	... 14 6
London	13 6	... 13 6
Hamburg	13 6	... 14 0
Trieste	15 0	... 16 0
Venice... ...	15 0	... 16 0
Open Ports ...	Jane & July	13 0

Market quiet.

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Brasiers 4×4	lbs. 21	} Rs. 54	14
	28		
	35		
	42		
	56		
	63		
	70		
	77		
	84		
Yellow Metal Sheets	21	} Rs. 45	0
	28		
	35		
	42		
	49		
	56		
Tin Ingots.	...	,, 41	4
Spelter S M ...	...	} ,, 18	6
M M ...	...		
J ...	...		
G ...	...		
Georgshutte ...	...	,, 22	4
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	,, 48	4
Copper Sheetings ...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14		,, 61	8
Yellow Metal Sheetings lbs. 14, 16 10, 12		} ,, 67	0

OPIUM.

Opium market remained as follows :—

RATES.

Patna 6th sale Calcutta ... Rs. 2,910

Prices for Patna Opium and rate of exchange in China,

	Dirs.
Patna Old	2,520
Exchange for Hongkong ...	133
Exchange for Shanghai ...	179

RICE.

Small Mill New Crop ... Rs. 8-0-0 to 8-1-0
Pig Mill New Crop ... Rs. 7-3-0 to 7-4-0

AT RANGOON.

June Mill ... ... 279 1-2 to 299.
July Mill ... ... 287 to 307.
Aug-Sept-Oct ... ... 289 to 319.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Monday, May 30.

No. of Packages.	GOLD. Bullions. Rs.	Coin. Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
2 Boxes ...	1,51,837	...	...
1 Box ...	...	75,000	...
2 Boxes ...	1,52,202	...	...
2 Boxes ...	1,53,120	...	...
3 do ...	2,27,382	...	...

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Govt. of India Rs. Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
313 Bars ...	600,000	...	...
818 do ...	15,00,000	...	...
205 do ...	3,75,000	...	...
2 Parcels ...	65	...	...
1 do ...	80	...	...

Importers.	Vessel.	From
Chartered Bank ...	Delhi	Freemantle
Do	do	do
Mercantile Bank of India.	do	Melbourne
Chartered Bank... ...	do	Shanghai
Mercantile Bank of India...	do	Melbourne
Do ...	do	Freemantle
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp... ...	do	Shanghai
Yokohama Specie Bank	do	do
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	Salsette	London
Do	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 28th & 29th May, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	36	42,768
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	57	67,299

DAILY EXPORTS—MAY 31.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Massilia s—9,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 461 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 45 bales wool, H K M Jaitha ; 25 bales wool, R Dossa and Co ; 60 bales cotton waste, T Canji ; 76 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co ; 400 cwts maize, 100 cwts jowari and 400 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

City of Benares s—13 bales wool, G Gungadas and Co ; 2,600 cwts myrabollams, T Momraz.

FOR GLASGOW.

Massilia s—10,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

India s—14 bales carpets, King King and Co ; 4 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co ; 1,040 cwts myrabollams, F F Campbell and Co ; 110 cwts fennelseed, S Bhimji and Co ; 10 bales hides, J. Rahimtoola ; 8 cases ganja, M Jafferbhoy 30 cwts cuttlefish, O V Goka ; 27 bales hides and skins, R M Kooka ; 9 bales skins, R R Maloobhoy : 12 cwts fishmaws, J M Rahimtoola ; 17 bales hides and skins, M J Joomabhoy and Co ; 6 bales skins, W and A Graham and Co ; 9 bales skins. H M Suleman ; 59 bales hides and skins, A H Mahomed and Co.

Ethelwolf s—500 cwts horns, E Mahomed.

Amatonga s—2,080 cwts myrabollams, T Momraz.

FOR BARLONA.

Massilia s—1260 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 350 bales cotton, Valkart Bros ; 950 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Massilia s—386 casks skins, E N Stein.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Massilia s—1899 bales cotton, 460 cwts castorseed, 15,917 cwts teelseed, 6,000 cwts groundnuts, 500 cwts linseed, and 984 bales cottons, Ralli Bros.

Djibouti s—10 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 100 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co; 2000 cwts linseed, N Rajaram and Co.

Northam s—5,000 cwts castorseed and 8918 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.

Cawdor Castle s—1,340 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

Glamorgan s—6,000 cwts castorseed 85,960 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros ; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfuse and Co ; 286 cwts cottonseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Cressington Court s—6,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Strathord s—35,000 cwts linseed and 8,150 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros ; 20,044 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Istrar s—6,158 cwts linseed, 6,000 cwts poppyseed and 62,129 cwts rapeseed, 230 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 2,000 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co.

Coronation s—70 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co,

FOR ANTWERP.

Chanda s—2,000 cwts teelseed 4,000 cwts groundnuts, 3,000 cwts castorseed 6,000 cwts linseed 2,000 cwts poppyseed 403 bales cotton and 41,727 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

Trawbridge s—101 cwts gum, T Nursey ; 110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 95 bales cotton waste and fly N Damji.

Calliope s—165 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 100 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR PORTSAID (for orders).

Clodmoor s—100,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Schoenfels s—110 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 5 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Calliope s—104 bales hemp, D M Doongaji and Co; 4582 cwts myrabollams, T Momraz; 367 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR GENOA.

Kingsway s—1,996 cwts linseed, J Fachiri ; 4,024 cwts linseed, C Boggiano and Co ; 200 bales cotton, The Bombay Co ; 115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Countess Warwick s—100 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co ; 202 cwts dillseed, R Jiwandass and Co; 100 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Djibouti s—500 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co.

FOR BASTON.

Massilia s—50 casks hides M J Joomabhoy and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ceylon Maru s—100 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons, 37 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws J M Rahimtools, 32 cwts sharkfins, E Motsdina ; 101 cwts sandalwood pieces, S Nowroji and Co ; 10,000 cwts bone meal, R Kaderbhoy.

Delta s—7 cases opium B and P S N Co ; 4 cases opium P and O Co ; 2,800 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co ; 466 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Delta s—1330 bales cotton the M B Kaisha.

Ceylon Maru s—483 bales cotton Vatcha Ghandy and Sons.

FOR SHANGHAI,

Delta s—354 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Delta s—400 bales cotton the M B Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Delta s—289 bales cotton the M B Kaisha.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for very additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CANTIN—May 14, at Ajmer, the wife of L Cantin, P W D, of a daughter.

CHANNELL—May 11, at Mahora, J P I, the wife of E C Channell, Electrical Department, Kashmir State, of a son.

DAMPIER—May 20, at Grant Castle, Mussoorie, the wife of G R Dampier, C S, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

GRAHAM—TAYLOR—May 12, at Meerut, Albert Aiken Graham, Survey of India, to Louise Mary Taylor.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, at the Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8-30 p. m. and 10 to 11-30 p. m.

Maxim : "Small delays often mean big losses."

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Himalaya," with the English Mails of the 20th instant, which left Aden at 2 p. m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "India," leaves Bombay harbour at 2 p. m. on Saturday next.

KNOCKED BY A MOTOR.—On Monday at 6-30 p.m., Vithaldass Lalji, a Hindu boy, aged fourteen, was knocked down by motor-car No. 615 driven by Santoo Bhima, in Churchgate Street. The boy received slight injuries.

A CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.—A carriage belonging to Mr. Karsondass Govindji was being driven along Queen's Road at 7-30 p. m., on Monday when the horse attached to it took fright and bolted and ran into a carriage belonging to Mr. Haji Jeosab. Both the carriages were damaged and the coachman of Mr. Karsondass received slight injuries.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—At the weekly meeting of the Society to be held to-day at 5-30 p. m. (B.T.) at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort, Mr. M. N. Dastur, M.A., will expound Gatha Ahunavaiti, Chap. I. (Yasna XXVIII.), verse 5. Thereafter, Mr. B. T. Anklesaria will read a paper on Yama and Yami.

THEFT OF JEWELLERY TRACED.—In consequence of a report made by Thakordass Nathobhey, a chemist, residing at Zaver Baug, that ornaments and jewellery of the total value of Rs. 4,000 from his room, Superintendent Priestley instituted enquiries and has succeeded in recovering 92 tolas of gold, some jewellery and pearls. Further recoveries are expected shortly. The theft is believed to have been committed by three persons, who, after disposing of the property, have disappeared.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel R. P. Wallace, Commanding 1st Gloucestershire Regt., the Band will play the following programme of music at 6-15 this evening :—

March.....Ah Si Vous Voulez d'l'Amour	....Scotts
Overture.....Triomphale	....Rubinstein
Indian Romance ...Hohomoko	....Reeves
Selection .....The Geisha	....Jones
Tone Poem .....Finlandia	....Sibelius
Selection .....La Traviata	....Verdi
Valse .....Songe d'Ete	....Thurban
Galop.....Narran	....Gung'l

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Major W. Davidson, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Wickham, Band Sergeant, commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.) this evening :—

March .....Manhattan Beach	....J F D'Souza
Overture .....The Caliph of Bagdad	....Boieldien
Valse .....Convent Girls	....Phelps
Selection .....The Girls of Gotten-berg	....Monokton
Morceau .....Salut d'Amour	....Elgar
Selection ... The Shop Girl	....Caryll
American Sketch .....By the Swanee River	...Myddleton
Galop .....Jolly Brethren	....Faust

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plagues. Attacks.	Deaths.	deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Espianade ...	3	2	3
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri ...	2	2	19
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada ...	11	7	21
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi ...	3	1	6
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada ...	2	1	24
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	2	2	8
G Mahim and Worli ...	8	7	20
Harbour ...	0	0	0
Hospital ...	0	3	10
Total.....	32	25	111
This day last year	13	13	84

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

May 31st 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	101	42	8
B	109	57	4
C	86	131	8
D	49	20	3
E	36	15	3
F	96	10	1
G	53	43	5
H	77	7	0
I	28	0	0
Total ...	640	330	32
Total killed to date ...		...	970

SCIATICA AND RHEUMATISM.

Mr. John Barrow, residing at 15, Duke Street, Bradford, Manchester, England, writes:—"I shall never fail to recommend Doan's Backache Kidney Pills to others, for the medicine has done me wonderful good.

"For two or three years I suffered from what I believe was sciatica and rheumatism. There were pains in the legs and the bottom of the back, and sometimes when walking briskly along a street, I have been seized with sharp, cutting pains in the hips and knees, causing me to walk lame for a time.

"I have tried mustard baths and Turkish baths, and had medical treatment, but all to little avail. A short course of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, however, has practically cured me. I have felt like a new man since using the medicine. I remain, yours respectfully.

(Signed) "JOHN BARROW."

"Nearly six and-a-half years later" Mr. Barrow added :—"I stand by all I said for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills nearly seven years ago ; and although I always like to keep the medicine handy, I am glad to say there has been no sign of the sciatica returning."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 bottles for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay

HIGH COURT.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice S. L. Batchelor presided, yesterday, at a special Vacation sitting of the Bombay High Court and disposed of the following among other short causes.

SUIT ON COMMISSION ACCOUNT.

In the suit filed by Bridhichand Zoharmul against Dayabhai Chhotalal Vakil, Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Sayani, appeared for the plaintiff and prayed for a decree for Rs. 1,500.

It appeared that the plaintiff, who is a broker, was asked by one C. J. Demetracopulo to procure him a rich partner and offered Rs. 2,500 as commission. The defendant also asked him to procure a European partner and agreed to pay him Rs. 3,000. The plaintiff, thereupon, joined these two as partners. The partnership resulted in a heavy loss and the defendant failed to pay the commission. The plaintiff then filed this suit and it came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Davar, who on the defendant depositing the amount of the claim in Court, ordered the suit to be transferred to the long causes list. Under that arrangement the defendant was to deposit Rs. 1,500 immediately and the balance by instalments of Rs. 500. He had paid in Rs. 1,500 but had failed to pay the instalments. Hence the suit.

After recording the plaintiff's evidence his Lordship passed a decree in plaintiff's favour for the amount claimed with interest and costs.

DAMAGES ON COTTON TRANSACTION.

In the suit filed by Kalidass Narayandass and Brothers against Hansraj Parmanand to recover Rs. 10,914 by way of damages, Mr. B. G. Desai, appeared for the plaintiffs ; the defendant did not appear.

It appeared that the plaintiffs, who are cotton merchants and commission agents, bought 500 bales of new Broach cotton on different dates at different rates from the defendant who also is a cotton merchant. Subsequently they sold the 500 bales at higher rates to the defendant. On that transaction, Rs. 10,914 were found due, which sum the defendant failed to pay.

His Lordship passed a decree for the amount claimed with costs.

TRANSFERRED TO LONG CAUSES.

In the suit filed by Kasturchand Karamchand against Balachand Shivprashad, a firm, Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. B. J. Desai for some of the partners in the defendant firm.

Mr. Desai applied for the transfer of the suit to the long causes and said his clients had filed their written statements and raised substantial defences.

Mr. Wadia resisted the application and observed that the defendants were not in a solvent condition, they were making away with the property and the application was made to gain time. He said that in the alternative the defendants should be made to deposit a substantial sum in Court.

After hearing Mr. Desai, his Lordship transferred the suit to the long causes list and fixed it peremptorily for the 15th July.

CLAIM ON A MORTGAGE.

In the suit filed by Topan Dewji and others against Naran alias Jakoo Bhimji, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, appeared for the plaintiff's and asked for a decree for Rs. 16,275 on two mortgagees. The defendant did not appear.

It appeared that the plaintiffs had advanced to the defendant a sum of Rs. 11,000

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Fox.....Comdr Hunt .....Royal Navy
R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook...Comdr W B Haddleston R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp.....
Survey Street
H M S Redbreast ..Comdr Shutter.....Royal Navy
R I M S Polinarus...Comdr Taylor ....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—May 31.

Arcadia.....3513 Barcham.....P & O S N & Co
Aldgate .....2208 King.....W & A Graham & Co
Amatonga.....3093 Wooster...W & A Graham &Co
Abydos.....1940 Robertson.....
Beme.....1893 Barrand...Shaw . Wallace & Co
Calcutta.....3244 Fuller.....T Morrison & Co
Clematis.....2368 Robinson....Andrew Zoel & Co
Cowder Castle...4052 Day .....J Mackentosh & Co
Dwarka.....759 Mozon.....M M & Co
Ettrickdale .....2468 Stephen...W& A Graham & Ce
Feliciana .....2765 Falck.....T Morrison& Co
Folmina.....3546 Eijken .....M M & Co
Goalpara .....1358 Whythead.....M M & Co
Hild .....719 Salvesen...F F Campbell & Co
Lhasa.....950 McDearmid.....M M & Co
Magna .....772 Maude.....M M & Co
Newburn .....2325 Richards...W &AGraham & Co
Najmi .....2522 Hallet .....E & A M Jeewanji
Nowshera .....1961 Rose.....M M & Co
Orissa.....3525 Kedalis .....M M & Co
Pennine Range...2214 Blance.....
Persiana.....2616 Garrett .....T Morrison & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Born.....B & H S N & Co
Saifi .....502 Willoughley...B & H S N & Co
Strathford.....2841 Arnot .....M M & Co
Springburn .....3173 Crosthwaite..W&A Graham & Co
Vadala .....2164 Ramage .....M M & Co
Zoroaster.....2376 Wickham...W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—May 31.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Cant.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Schoufels	3611	Rode.....	Hamburg	3-6...	W & A Graham & Co
B Clan Lamont.....	2285	Green ...	Chittagong...	1 6 ..	J Finlay & Co
C & R City of Benares...	4468	Elliot...	Karachi...	4 6 ..	K Nixon & Co
D&S Shirala.....S	3400	Cunningham...	Calcutta...	3 6...	M M & Co
F Calliope.....	2498	Knot.....	Antwerp...	4 6.....	W & A Graham & Co
G Trowbridge.....	2380	Mrrs.....	Antwerp...	4 6.....	T Morrison & Co
H Mahommadi	1251	Zeddi	Z'bar...	..6 6...	B & P S N & Co
K Istrar	2989	Jacob ...	Dunkirk...	7-6 ..Killick	Nixon & Co
M Coronation	2476	Waters.....	Dunkirk ...	1 6...	J Finlay & Co
N Ramsay.....	2767	Mullar ...	Philadelphia...	1 6...	K A Willis
O Clodmoor.....	2408	Mathews...	Port Said...	7 6...	W & A Graham & Co
P Countess Warwick...	2568	Baddish ...	Genoa...	2-6...	W & A Graham & Co
Q Kingsway.....	2320	Griffiths	Genoa...	7 6...	T Morrison & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Ceylon Mara.....	3142	Pyne.....	Kobe ..	3 6...	N Y Kaisha
2 Massilia.....	3250	Thomson.....	Liverpool...	8 6	W & A Graham & Co
3 Dunolly...	2126	Davis ...	Dunkirk.....	4-6 ...	W & A Graham & Co
4 Cressington Court...	2716	Bancham ...	Hull ...	1-6...	W &A G &Co
5 Djiboutis.....	2797	Quinton	Havre...	4-6...	J Mackintosh & Co
6 Ethelwolf	2814	Eidman...	London...	11 6...	T Morrison & Co
8 Glamorgan ...	2257	Jones.....	Hull...	5-6...	W & A Graham & Co
9 Chanda. ...	3954	Tice...	Antwerp ..	4-6...	M M & Co
10&11 Delhi.....	4784	Gordon ...	Shanghai...	18 6...	P & O Co
12&13 India.....	4184	Haddock.....	London...	4-6...	P & O S N & Co
14 Kola.....	510	Morrison	Basreh	2 6...	M M & Co
15 Koerber.....	3157	Foreste	Trieste...	1 6...	A L S N Co
16 Northam	2475	Donovan ...	Marseilles...	4 6...	W & A Graham & Co

H W P D

Courland ...	760	Samsoodin...	NF...	NF...	Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati.....	443	Ahmed.....	Karachi.....	31 5 ..	Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani....S	553	Cassam...	B'nager...	31 5 ..	Bo S N Co Ld
Mahanadi.....	547	Ahmed	Marmagoa.....	1 6...	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati...	524	Mahomed...	Karachi...	3 6.	Bo S N Co Ld Offside O
Delta.....	4780	Snow	Shanghai...	8 6...	P & O S N & Co

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
30	Hild	Salvesen ...	Bangkok, May 1
31	Goalpara.....	Whytehead...	Bushire, May 18

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
31	Berbera	Packham ...	Antwerp, &c

The steamer Clan Lamont, Green for Chittagong obtained her portclearance yesterday :—

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Hild for Bangkok.
" Orissa for Calcutta, &c.
" Firoozi for Calcutta.
" Goalpara for Persian Gulf, &c.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 31st May 1910.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	30	5	58 a.m.	4	59
Teheran ...	31	1	10 p.m.	1	30
Suez	31	2	10 p.m.	0	48

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (19-11-09).

Moulmein route to Siam via Raheng interrupted (30-5-10).

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning :—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc

FRESH FLOWERS.

BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, Pads to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Fobiage plants, palms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.

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Near Parsee Statue, Byculla.

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DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING,

HIGH CLASS GOODS AT MODERATE PRICES,

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WATERLOO MANSIONS,

BOMBAY.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST

By Appointment to

H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA

AND

H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.

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On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.

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SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.

WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.

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TELL US WHAT YOU REQUIRE

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WHAT RENT YOU ARE PREPARED TO PAY.

If we cannot suit you no one else can.

No unnecessary and vexatious delays.

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"YORKSHIRE, BOMBAY."

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 1st June, 1910.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

***All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

OLD AGE PENSIONS.

SOME time ago we called attention to a variety of difficulties in the way of the application of the regulations surrounding the distribution of Old Age Pensions in England, as related by a lady volunteer, who started on a self-imposed roving tour in search of friends and relations, willing to house, feed and care for aged paupers, who were to be free of the workhouse in case such could be found. Her experiences were disappointing ; for she found little surviving filial affection capable of resuscitation at the cost of five shillings a week. Further information has since reached us which shows that though many aged persons have found fairly comfortable homes outside the workhouse, the system is not likely to prove an unmixed blessing and is besides open to various forms of abuse which its originators had failed to anticipate. One of the most striking results of the operation of the scheme is shown to be the extent to which voluntary charity has been checked or diverted into other channels. Many old people, it appears, have been bitterly disappointed to find that when they have received the eagerly anticipated pension their position has been little, often not at all, improved. It simply means that they derive their income from another source. In other cases the pension has merely replaced the gifts of private donors, who have therefore drawn the State pension as much as if they had signed the receipt for it. In one list of nine pensioners, sent up for information from a provincial town, it was found that only one pensioner benefited to the extent of the pension granted, two benefited partially and six were in no wise affected except as to the source from which their income came. The real beneficiares were private donors and relations. In a list from another town most of the pensioners had benefited, but in four cases the Church had stopped and in one, the Church, two sons and a private donor all stopped, with the result that the pensioner's income was only raised from 5s. 6d. to 6s. Some clue to the extent to which other persons than the pensioners have benefited is given by the expenditure of the London Charity Organization Society under this head. In the year 1907-8, a sum of Rs. £20,688 was paid through the Society in pensions to old people ; in 1908-9 it fell to £16,100. As this money is collected from private donors, relations and endowed charities, it is not illogically argued that the State pensions represent an annual allowance to these parties of £4,588.

One of the principal endowments in London, which aims at providing for its pensioners a maximum income, has been enabled by the State to withdraw about £2,000 a year and is now said to be contemplating some other way of spending its income. In a certain charitable hospital, where the inmates received an allowance of eighteen-pence a week, in addition to maintenance and nursing, this allowance has been withdrawn that they may be able to receive the full benefit of the State pension. Other strange cases are quoted. One endowed charity, which grants weekly pensions of five shillings to freemen, their widows and children, has made no alteration in its rules; pensioners may receive benefits from both sources. But this is an isolated case. In another provincial town the trustees of an endowed charity considered the matter of reducing their allowances, but did not do so, because they had no power to increase the number of their pensioners. The Charity Commissioners may help them to find a way out of their embarrassment; but in most of these instances it would appear that the milk of human kindness is threatened with dilution or adulteration, if, indeed, the fount is not dried up. Charities supported by subscriptions have also benefited by the diminution of the claims upon them. Several of the aid and home organizations have withdrawn their assistance to the poor ; though in some cases it is unhesitatingly asserted that the State pensions actually serve as a subsidy to the funds of a home or shelter, the inmates handing them over to the authorities as they receive them. We are not quite sure if this may be considered an abuse, for it is, as we said on a former occasion, absolutely necessary that there should be some form of home or refuge for the very old, the blind and infirm, even when their children, family friends or relations are willing to take them in, for the sake of the five shillings, are yet unable to provide them with proper care. Church funds and voluntary charities are shown to have benefited considerably; but it is felt that in these cases the change is mainly a transference of the help given, from the very old people to others, not quite so old, and to the extent that this is so the Government scheme has really covered a wider area than was intended.

Experience teaches the necessity of the appointment of almoners or visitors to watch over the interests of the pensioners and to ascertain whether they suffer from neglect or misusage by themselves or by others. One correspondent reports having come across a fair number of cases in which the old man or old woman was being kept by the family for the sake of the five shillings and was in great discomfort. In several cases the pensioner was drinking the bulk of the money, and in others it was felt that a higher standard of sobriety and cleanliness should be demanded from the moment the pension started. It is difficult to answer the question whether there has been much fraud in connection with the pensions. As regards age many misrepresentations have been made, but a more serious difficulty, and one giving rise to more fraud is that of determining the means of claimants. Not infrequently it has been made clear that old people have made over their business to a son or daughter with a view to becoming elegible for a pension ; now and again account books have been falsified, or, in the absence of books, the profits of a business have been grossly understated. The need for most careful supervision has manifested itself and the necessity for the pension and Poor Law officers keeping in close communication has become apparent, for in some instances men are illegally drawing money from both. Difficulties multiply when the claimants are partly maintained by the kindness of friends and relations. All this assistance must be taken into consideration before a pension can be granted and of course on this subject much misrepresentation will be made. The conclusion arrived at in England, by those who have studied the subject carefully and impartially, is that the pensions of themselves will not prove sufficient for the maintenance of the recipients. In London the discovery has already been made. Alms-houses will have to increase in number for the accommodation of the very old and infirm. The pensions have already proved a great blessing to many, but, generally speaking, not an unmixed blessing. Still unqualified success could not have been expected at the outset and as difficulties and abuses reveal themselves the means of disposing of them will doubtless be discovered.

MADRAS HARBOUR SCHEMES. MADRAS like Bombay is carying out schemes for the improvement of its Harbour facilities, but the Port Trust this year, after watching their receipts steadily rising during the last six years, are faced with a drop in their revenue. During the year which ended in March last their revenue fell from eleven lakhs forty-nine thousand to ten lakhs five thousand. This is ascribed to the general slackness of trade. On the other hand while working expenses have been about 44 per cent. of earnings they are expected in the coming year to rise to 50 per cent. This, of course, is caused by the additional facilities which the Port have provided, and is the figure which has been taken into calculation in working out the ship-quay schemes. Of these two were prepared, one at an estimated cost of seventy-three lakhs and a second and more modest one at fifty-six lakhs. The object was to equip the harbour with quays where about six or eight vessels would be able to lie in 32 ft. of water at low tide. The more expensive one provided for quays from the north arm to the south arm of the Harbour, with a central projection. The last was not included in the second scheme, and when Government gave its sanction to the construction of lighter quays and sheds also, this one was adopted. The lighter quays will cost another ten lakhs, half of which Government is prepared to find, and the Trust make the rather sanguine estimate that with the use of lighters and barges, Madras in two or three years' time will be able to handle cargo "quite as quickly as any port in the world." There is also a scheme, closely connected with this one, of erecting cargo quays and a shed on the north beach at a cost of four and a half lakhs. This is under progress and although it will probably not be finished by the end of next year, it is expected that a portion of it will be available for use.

The Port is just now beginning to feel the benefit of those schemes which have already been carried through. The Clan and Hansa Lines have issued returns showing that their vessels have been able to shorten their stay in port by an average of four and a half days in the former case and two days in the latter. This, it is hoped, will soon result in a reduction of freights. Considerable improvement was effected during the year in the handling of coal, which as usual took first place amongst articles of import. Additional lines and sidings were constructed at a cost of Rs.32,000, and the new sidings are so close to the wharves, that it is now possible for a good deal of the coal to pass directly from the wagons into boats. The Hon'ble Mr. Spring, the Chairman of the Trust, suggests that as a temporary measure for dealing with coal, pending the completion of the new ship-quays it will be best "to sink a row of wells, as if for such quays, but to only half the ultimate depth, and meanwhile to use the row of half-sunk wells, which will have 10 ft. of water alongside of them, as a quay for the landing of coal from large lighters suitably designed for that purpose, to be discharged perhaps by means of grabs, or perhaps by self-tipping skips." The estimated cost of the wells is Rs. 5 lakhs. This enterprising policy of the Trust appears to have given it the confidence of the traders of Madras, and it is to be hoped will shortly result in the repletion of its revenues.

JAPAN AND CRICKET. A NOTE-WRITER in the "Pall Mall Gazette" makes an interesting suggestion as to one of the effects which the influx of Japanese visitors to London during the present summer to see the Japanese Exhibition may have upon the social habits of the people in their own country. No doubt the influence on the visitors, who are expected in large numbers, of close contact with western customs and modes of life will be felt by them to a wide extent when they return to their homes and some of it cannot fail to be communicated to their neighbours. A wider adoption of western habits by the Japanese people may be looked for with certainty and it is suggested that amongst other new introductions the national summer game of England will take a place. The Japanese some of whom have already reached London will be there during the height of the cricket season and as members of a nation, which has always been deeply devoted to athleticism, they cannot fail to take a keen interest in the principal out-door sport, which they will see practised, in the land of their western allies. How keen their interest is to view English manners and methods in such things which have a parrallel in their own country is instanced by the study so many of them have been making of the British drama. In the London theatres, and particularly at His Majesty's during the Shakespearean Festival they have been seen in considerable numbers. The writer anticipates an equal enthusiasm over cricket and hazards the opinion "it would not be at all surprising to find it appealing to them even more forcibly than it already appeals to so many of our eastern fellow subjects in India." In this view he appears to have reason on his side, and yet curiously our experience in India—or at any rate in Bombay—is otherwise. In this city we have a considerable colony of Japanese, but for some reason, although at least one of our games, tennis, has been adopted by them, they do not appear to be attracted by cricket. There is a Japanese Gymkhana, but there is no Japanese cricket team. What the reason may be, we do not venture to suggest. It certainly cannot be that there is insufficient opportunity of studying the game. The western side of the maidan is as full—more full—of budding cricketers every evening, as any similar public playing space at home. In England they will see cricket of better quality, but certainly not in greater quantity. The superior attractions of English cricket may appeal to them where Indian cricket fails, but as far as experience leads us to judge, that is a result we do not expect. The Japanese temperament, susceptible as in some matters it may be, to western influence, in sport seems to prefer the ancient games of its own land.

THE Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will meet in the Council Hall, Poona, on Saturday the 25th June, at 12 o'clock noon.

MR. MUSGRAVE is appointed Superintendent of Local Manufactures for State Railways, Calcutta.

SANCTION has been accorded to an estimate for providing an institute for employes of North-Western Railway at Lyalpur.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to ask the Hon'ble Sardar Davar H. E. Modi, the Head of the Parsi Community of Surat, to convey to them his thanks for their message of sympathy and for their prayers offered for the repose of the soul of our late Sovereign His Most Gracious Majesty King Edward VII. Emperor of India.

DURING a fire at the residence of General Manderson, an Indian Mutiny veteran, at Tiverton, Devon, Admiral Sir William Acland rendered valuable service.

SEVENTY officers of the Greek army have been placed on the retired list in pursuance of the decision of the Committee for the Purification of the Army.

To avert the physical degeneration of the British nation, a Bill has been introduced by Mr. Whyte, M.P., to provide for the compulsory physical training of scholars up to the age of sixteen years.

THE report of the Council of the Congregational Union shows a decline in Congregational Church membership of two and a half thousand.

DURING the fiscal year ending March 31, 208,794 immigrants arrived in Canada, an increase of 42 per cent. Of the 208,794 immigrants 103,789 came from the United States and 104,996 came in by ocean ports.

MISS Dossibai R. C. Patell, who recently became the first woman licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, has been admitted the first woman member of the Royal College of Surgeons.

THE U. S. torpedo boat destroyer "Sterrett" has been launched at Quincy, Mass. She is expected to make 29 1-2 knots, and will be able to keep the sea with the battle-fleet in all weathers.

AN amusing story is told by a Paris contemporary in connection with the mishap to Zeppelin II at Wellbourg. A schoolmaster from Weisbaden happened to be in the neighbourhood of the accident at the time ; moreover he bears some slight resemblance to Count Zeppelin. Soon he was surrounded. Everyone sympathised with him : some asked questions. At first he was a little nonplussed and answered with hesitation. Then he felt flattered, and acted the part of the famous aviator. He allowed himself to be interviewed, explained the cause of the disaster, detailed that his nerve was not affected, and declared his plans for the future. Next he was the subject of a moving address from the Burgomaster, and finally he allowed himself to be interviewed by reporters. All's well that ends well ; and by the time the mistake was discovered the dominie was far away.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

THE INFLUENCE OF KING EDWARD.

The Paris Opera Season.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 13.

ALTHOUGH the two portraits of his late Majesty the King at the Royal Academy are sure to attract a large number of interested visitors at this moment of the nation's bereavement, neither of them has been accepted by either the critics or the public as a satisfactory representation of a great personality. That by Sir Edward Poynter is the more ambitious attempt, and there is a certain dignity in the general mass of the heavily-robed figure, but the whole effect is dull, and there is no reliance upon plastic design. As a portrait, one's criticism is that it is the late King of a good many years ago, and lacks that instinct of life which the President's laboured manner seldom secures. Mr. Mordecai's full-length, in another gallery, is not more successful, but probably a large allowance to both painters should be made for the difficulties which are bound to present themselves when a hard-working King is the subject, and when sittings are few and are nearly certain to have been brief. Of the many other portraits of his late Majesty, shown during the last thirty years, one remembers none more vividly than that by the late Bastien Le Page, a wonderfully living picture, though decorative in intention, with a strong reminiscence of Francois Clouet. More recently one recalls a brave, but not very satisfactory effort by Mr. Cope, the new Academician, but it will always be a matter of regret that we have no portrait of King Edward by Mr. Sargent.

THE PRICE OF A PICTURE.

The price paid for the Rokeby "Venus" has upset the equilibrium of many people who would have remained quiet if the question of authorship had been settled. "Why," they naturally ask, "was such a huge price paid for a picture which was not fully authenticated before the purchase?" The complete answer to this is that there never was any doubt about the authorship, and that both its history and its workmanship point to nobody but Velasques. Instead of pursuing this very simple line of country, Lord Balcarres, at the recent meeting of the National Art Collections Fund, relied upon the much less conclusive argument of the picture's market value, and declared that there are buyers ready to pay an extra £10,000 if the authorities of the National Art Gallery were inclined to sell. An assurance of this kind amounts, in fact to nothing at all, for it means only that some dealer or other, who may or may not have had a hand in the original transaction, is ready to name a fancy price which he knows beyond any question that he will never be called upon to pay. The public is well aware by this time that ridiculous sums are given for worthless pictures by so-called "old masters," and is not likely to be reassured by being told that a well-advertised picture which would now be certain to draw crowds of curious spectators in every city in Europe is worth a fabulous amount of money. The only way to vindicate the price paid—before it achieved its enormous "unearned increment" of doubt—is to send the public to the picture itself. They will then understand that it is impossible to put down the value of a great masterpiece, like the Velasquez "Venus," in terms of hard cash, just as difficult as it would be to put down the money value to the community of a gleam of sunshine or a breath of fresh air or of any other efforescence of life that was both vital and intangible.

EXPERT CRITICISM.

The pity is that so much technical and non-technical bunkum should have been poured out upon the picture. The public has been befogged and the man-in-the-street has found the puzzle becoming more and more difficult. He is unable to disengage personal prejudice and professional ignorance from real knowledge, and can't tell where he stands. Here, for example, is Mr. S. J. Solomon, R. A., a very competent painter, demonstrating with overpowering technical knowledge that Velasquez and nobody else was the painter, and proving his case, by the similarity of the handling to that of "The Admiral," which all the world knows Senor de Beruete (the one indisputed authority on Velasquez) has long since proved to be a fine example of Bautista del Mazo! Another and older R. A. also considered to be a great technical expert continues to condemn the picture with juvenile vehemence, declaring it to be bad Italian painting of a century later than Velasquez. How then is one to disentangle the truth from the infallibilities of these authorities? Simply by going again and again to the picture itself, leaving the question of name and date to the experts and historians and trying to understand something of the mastery that went to its making. Inevitably, to those who so approach it, the picture becomes one of the great possessions ; a work of genius beyond price against which the little critics and the little artists may sling their paper pellets in vain.

REMBRANDT'S "POLISH RIDER."

One's object in going back upon this question of price is by way of answer to the quiet common observation that it will be difficult in the future to get the public to buy pictures for the National Collection. If that be so then we must be ready to say a final good-bye to a large number of fine works of art which otherwise might remain with us. With so much competition abroad nothing but public-spirited generosity will prevent this country getting behind in the race. Last week, we had the announcement that Rembrand's "Polish Rider," a romantic picture of the finest quality, goes to America, and it is an open secret that another Rembrandt, even more famous, may follow it across the Atlantic very shortly. The matter is only a question of price, and the millionaire on "the other side" is certain in the end to sign the cheque.

BRILLIANT PROSPECTS IN PARIS.

The Italian opera season in Paris I hear, organized by the Metropolitan Opera Company of New York and the Societe Musicale de Paris, promises to be most successful. There are to be fifteen performances commencing in a week's time. All the great Italian composers are to be laid under contribution. The tenors include Caruso, Slezak, and Jadlowker, and the baritones and basses Amato and Scotti. Nor are the "cantatrices" less celebrated. They have Mmes. Emmy Destinn, Olive Fremstad, Frances Alda, Louise Homer, Bella Alten, Carmen Melis, Jane Noria, Maria Bappold, Jeane Maubourg, Cecile Roma. It was in 1907 that Mmes. Destinn and Fremstad were heard and applauded by Parisians in special representations of "Salome" given at the Chatelet, under the auspices of M. Gabriel Astrue, the same impresario who is now concerned with the Metropolitan Opera Company in the Italian season. Both artists made a profound impression upon the musical public. Mme. Frances Alda is one of the finest French sopranos, who shows equal facility in a wide variety of lyrical roles. Mme. Louise Homer is a superb mezzo-soprano, who is expected to make a sensation here; Mme. Melis is known for her beauty as well as her talent. She will create Manon Lescaut at the Chatelet. Indeed, all the women artists are principals richly endowed for operatic interpretation. Not a seat remains unbooked for the fifteen performances. During the past few days a great many demands have been sent from England.

"Salome" has now been performed at the Opera with Mary Garden in the title-role. Critics have been afforded an opportunity of deciding between the relative merits of the French and German musical setting. Strauss is incomparably mere rich than Mariotte in his musical inspiration and a much greater master of his medium ; still, it needs all his genius to carry off and render supportable a theme which has so strangely infatuated two composers. Miss Garden proves a superb actress in her presentation of the strange perverted Biblical figure.

THE LATE KING'S MUSICAL TASTE.

The influence of heredity could be traced in the late King's love of music, for both his father and his mother were devoted to the art. Prince Albert was, indeed, an amateur of no little accomplishment, who not only played the piano and organ, but also composed in an unpretending way, while the Queen in her younger days sang very charmingly (as no less excellent a judge than Mendelssohn testified) and displayed her good taste and independence of Judgment also by going out of her way to show her appreciation of Wagner at a time when public opinion, alike here and in Germany, was bitterly hostile to him.

It would, of course, be quite a mistake to suppose that the late King's knowledge of music was that of an entirely untrained amateur. So far from this being the case, his acquaintance with certain kinds of music was quite considerable. If he did not find time to attend many concerts he was a life-long opera-goer, as everyone knows, and was possessed, in consequence of a very remarkable knowledge of all that appertained to that branch of the art. Having heard all the great singers of his time, his judgments were keen and sound, while any variations in the stage business or other departure from established practice were sure to attract his attention and call forth comment. As to his Majesty's individual tastes, he had no prejudices and found no difficulty in enjoying works of all schools, but it is well known—and the fact certainly testified to his good taste—that he had a special affection for Wagner. "The Ring" and "Die Meistersinger" appealed to him especially, and his familiar figure, partially hidden usually from the bulk of the audience by the curtains at the side of the box, was rarely absent from its place when any of these works were being given.

A REGULAR THEATRE-GOER.

That the late King was an enthusiastic theatre-goer no one will need to be told. If in the season it was the opera-house which usually claimed his attendance, at other periods of the year a free evening rarely failed to see the King at the theatre. He encouraged the drama also by bestowing distinctions on its leading representatives, while his personal associations with the more prominent members of the profession were always of the most genial description. In the palmy days of the Lycaum when Sir Henry Irving's productions were drawing all the town, his Majesty, then Prince of Wales, was seldom absent from any important premiere, and on more than one occasion he accepted Sir Henry's hospitality behind the scenes, while Sir Henry, in turn, had the honour of being entertained by his Majesty more than once. The bancrofts were other members of the profession who had the honour of being numbered among his Majesty's personal friends, while many famous foreign artists received in the same way notable marks of his Majesty's goodwill. Apropos of Irving it has been recalled elsewhere how on one occasion after a performance of "The Corsican Brothers," his Majesty went behind the scenes, and entered into the various details of the production with the livelies, interest recalling, among other things, the difference between Kean's production of the work and arrangements adopted by Irving.

Naturally, the patronage of the King often had a considerable effect on the fortunes of the pieces which he went to. A notable instance of this occurred many years ago when Miss Emily Soldane, still happily in the land of the living, was appearing at the Philharmonic (afterwards the Grand) Theatre, Islington, in "Genevieve de Brabant." The Prince of Wales happened to go to the Agricultural Hall opposite just at the time and noticing the announcements of the performance, was induced to go, and the success of the piece was immediate. The Bancrofts, owed no little, also, to his Majesty when they gave hostages to fortune and horrified their friends by going and setting up in remote and unfriended Tottenham-street—with results which are now part of the theatrical history of the nineteenth century. On the other hand his Majesty had a very natural dislike of having his name taken in vain for advertising purposes when he went to the play, and the manager who transgressed in this way would speedily have been made to realise his mistake. His Majesty preferred to attend the theatre in his private capacity and with as little fuss and ostentation as possible, to which it may be added that it was not always the most boomed pieces which secured his patronage. His Majesty was guided, as a matter of fact, less by newspaper verdicts than by the advice of private friends who knew his likes and dislikes and acted for him in the capacity of "taster." When by chance a play failed to win his Majesty's approval or by reason of some objectionable feature incurred his displeasure, he did not hesitate on occasion to take action, which was none the less effective because the public knew nothing of it at the time. Some years ago a certain play by a famous dramatist, which had little else to recommend it but its riskness, but which was having a roaring success, was quietly snuffed out by a hint from his Majesty to the effect that he had found it distasteful and would be glad if it were withdrawn. Another story tells how on an occasion when he was entertaining a number of well-known representatives of the profession at Marlborough House, a certain popular comedian likewise transgressed the limits of decorum, and was similarly made to realise very speedily the error of his ways. A word should be said in regard to his Majesty's affection for private theatricals and for special performances by professional companies at Sandringham, Windsor, and elsewhere. On all such occasions no one entered with greater zest into all the arrangements beforehand than his Majesty or showed himself more heartily appreciative of the efforts of all concerned when the performance itself took place.

THE new twenty-seven knot ocean going destroyer "Harpy," which burns coal fuel underwent her four-hours' full-speed trial near the Maplins during mail week. She exceeded her contract speed.

THE ex-Crown Prince George of Servia has been examined by a commission of doctors, who found that he was suffering from bronchitis. He will go to Vichy and afterwards to a seaside resort.

SOUTH AFRICAN MINISTRY.

FINAL SELECTION OF UNION CABINET.

Bond Administrator of Cape Colony.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, MAY 30.

Mr. N. F. de Waal, Colonial Secretary and a member of the Bond, has been appointed Administrator of Cape Colony under the Union.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Mr. Botha has finally formed his Ministry as follows :—

Mr. Smuts, Minister of Interior and Defence.
Mr. Sauer, Minister for Railways.
Mr. Hertzog, Minister of Justice.
Mr. Malan, Minister of Education.
Mr. Hull, Minister of Finance.
Mr. Fischer, Minister of Lands.
Mr. Burton, Minister for Native Affairs.
Mr. Moor, Minister for Commerce.
Mr. Graaf, Minister for Public Works.
Mr. Gubbins, Minister without Portfolio.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

Condolences with Their Majesties.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Lord Lamington presided at a meeting of the National Indian Association last night, when resolutions were passed, expressing condolence with their Majesties on the death of King Edward.

The speakers included Mr. Sinha, Lady Jehangir, Major Belgrami and Professor Davar.

OFFICER KILLED AT ALDERSHOT.

LONDON, MAY 30.

Captain De la Poer Beresford, of the Engineers, while riding at Aldershot, attempted to catch a runaway horse, when he fell and the base of his skull was fractured.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Captain De la Poer Beresford has died of his injuries.

THE SOMALILAND MULLAH.

Large Tribal Force Despatched.

LONDON, MAY 30.

Reuter wires from Aden that the Sultans of Obbia and Mijertain, the former supported by the Italian Government, have despatched large forces against the Mullah.

THE SUNKEN SUBMARINE.

Salvage Work Suspended.

LONDON, MAY 30.

Salvage on the "Pluvoise" has been suspended owing to the heavy prevalent sea.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR IN BOSNIA.

Loyalty to the Dynasty.

LONDON, MAY 31.

The Emperor Francis Joseph made a solemn entry into Sarajevo yesterday. The procession passed to the Palace, through streets gaily decorated and amid the acclamations of the crowd.

Replying to the Mayor's address of welcome, the Emperor said he valued the reception as a proof that loyalty to the dynasty had taken root in the country.

THE ALBANIAN REVOLT.

Martial Law Proclaimed.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Martial law has been proclaimed in eleven districts in Albania.

NEW HEADMASTER OF HARROW.

LONDON, MAY 31.

The Reverend L. Ford, Headmaster of Repton, has been appointed Headmaster of Harrow, in succession to the Reverend Joseph Wood.

[The Rev. Lionel George Bridges Justice Ford, has been Headmaster of Repton since 1901. He was born on September 3rd, 1865, and was educated at Repton, and King's College, Cambridge. He took the Winchester Reading Prize in 1887, had a first class in the Classical Tripos in the following year, and won the first Chancellor's medal in 1888. He was President of the Cambridge Union in 1887. At Repton, he was head of the school for two years and was captain of the cricket eleven, while at Cambridge he played golf for the University. After leaving college he was an assistant master at Eton until he was appointed to be head at Repton. He married Miss Mary Catherine Talbot, daughter of the Bishop of Southwark.]

OBITUARY.

LONDON, MAY 31.

The death is announced of General Sir Roger Palmer.

[Lieut.-General Sir Roger William Henry Palmer, fifth baronet, was born in 1832, and went to school at Eton. He served in the 11th Hussars through the Crimean War, and was one of the Light Brigade in the Charge of Balaclava. Later in 1856 he exchanged into the 2nd Life Guards and remained in that Regiment until 1870. In 1891 he became Colonel of the 26th Hussars and was promoted to Lieut.-General on retirement. He represented county Mayo in Parliament from 1867-1875. He owned about 115,000 acres, in England, North Wales and Ireland, but leaves no heir.]

THE KAISER WILHELM.

Unable to Hold Parades.

VISIT OF KING AND QUEEN OF BELGIUM.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, MAY 30.

The wound on the Kaiser's wrist is due to the lancing of a boil. It is progressing normally.

LONDON, MAY 31.

The Kaiser, for the first time since his accession, has been unable to hold the Spring Parades of Potsdam and Berlin garrisons. It is impossible for him to hold the reins. The Crown Prince will take his place.

The King of Belgium and his Consort are visiting the Kaiser at Potsdam.

MR. ROOSEVELT IN LONDON.

Receives Freedom of the City.

ENGLAND'S DUTY TO EGYPT EMPHASIZED.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Mr. Roosevelt drove to the Guildhall to-day in drizzling rain. He was welcomed by cheering crowds. At the Guildhall he received the freedom of the City in a gold casket.

In his speech in reply, Mr. Roosevelt eulogised in the highest terms British rule in Uganda and Sudan. "Britain had given Egypt the best Government it had had for two thousand years, but it erred on the side of timidity, on certain vital points. Sentimentality might cause more harm than violence and injustice." He continued, "Sentimentality is the most broken reed on which righteousness can lean." He denounced the Nationalists as neither desirous nor capable of guaranteeing primary justice, and as trying to bring murderous chaos on the land. Either it was or was not right that Britain should be in Egypt to establish order there. If it were not right, Britain should get out. Some nation mus govern Egypt and he hoped and believed the English would decide it was their duty.

HOME POLITICS.

The Veto Question.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Lord Brassey, in a letter to the *Times*, urges conferences with a view to the settlement of the constitutional question. He quotes the example of the South African Union.

THE AUSTRALIAN FORCES.

New Inspector-General Assumes Office.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Melbourne telegrams state that Colone Kirkpatrick, who has been appointed as Inspector-General of the Commonwealth Forces has been installed and is discussing with the Minister of Defence certain modifications of Lord Kitchener's scheme.

THE LATE PROF. KOCH.

Remains Cremated.

LONDON, MAY 31.

The remains of the late Professor Koch have been cremated at Baden-Baden in the presence of his widow and representatives of the Universities.

THE WHITEHAVEN COLLIERY DISASTER.

Relief to Bereaved Families.

LONDON, MAY 31.

£38,000 has been subscribed for the families of the victims of the Whitehaven disaster.

THE DERBY.

The Two Favourites and Probable Starters.

LONDON, MAY 30.

Witchwork has been scratched for the Derby.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Epsom telegrams state that it is raining there this morning and the course which had been a trifle hard is improving.

Neil Gow grazed the cap of the off-hock in the stable on Sunday. The mishap is of the slightest character and Neil Gow has gone to Epsom.

The betting is 1,500 to 1,000 against Lemberg.

LATER.

The latest Derby betting is :—
5 to 4 against Lemberg.
5 to 2 against Neil Gow.
8 to 1 against Charles O'Malley and Greenback.
10 to 1 against Admiral Hawke.

Later revised list of probable starters for the Derby includes General Botha, Foy, Wildflower II ridden by Walter Griggs, and Malpas ridden by Randall. Ulster King will be ridden by Donogue and Glazebrook by A. Templeman.

The following are omitted from the list of probable starters:—Herry Task, Dartoi, Wolfeland, Bronzino and Rosaline Filly.

BOXING.

Light-weight Championship of the World.

LONDON, MAY 31.

The contest for the Light-weight Championship of the world at the National Sporting Club last night between Freddy Welsh of Pontypridd and Packy McFarland of Chicago, for a purse of £1,900, was drawn after twenty rounds.

ACCOUNTANCY AMALGAMATION.

Forthcoming Appointments.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

One of the consequences of the amalgamation of the Public Works and Railway Accounts with the Civil Accounts has been the creation, provisionally, of a new appointment of Accountant-General for Railways. The Government of India have selected Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, I. C. S., for the post, and he will take up his duties as soon as arrangements can be made for relieving him in Bengal. Although it was not considered feasible to give the railway appointment to any of the old Public Works Accounts officers, it is not intended to deprive them of the opportunity, which they enjoyed under former conditions, of rising to an Accountant-Generalship and the office of Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, has definitely been offered to Mr. S. D. Levett-Yeats, who until recently was the special Railway Account Officer, and is now on leave.

The two senior officers in the old Public Works Accounts Department are Messrs. O'Donoghue and W. E. Barrow, whose claims would naturally have come to the front in reorganization, were it not that both are due to retire under the age-limit in December next. Mr. O'Donoghue will vacate the Public Works Accountant-Generalship when the amalgamation formally takes place, but he will probably remain for a few months on special duty with the Comptroller-General, until the new Account and Audit arrangements are in full working order.

When Mr. O. T. Barrow leaves India at the end of June, the appointment of Comptroller and Auditor General will be filled by Mr. R. W. Gillan, I.C.S., who is at present Financial Secretary in the United Provinces. The senior officer in the department, Mr. F. C. Harrison, C.S.I., who acted as Comptroller-General last year, is understood to have no intention of returning to India. Mr. Gillan's tenure of the post will be subject to a maximum of five years.

MOVE BY THE MULLAH POWINDAH.

A Mysterious Journey.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 31.

Information has been received that the Mullah Powindah has left Makin, where he has been remaining quiet for some months. The Mullah is accompanied by a following of about one thousand Mahsuds. His destination is not certain. He has made his appearance in Upper Tochi, and some people think he is en route for Kabul to interview the Amir.

SALE OF A GOLD MINE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 31.

The recent decision of the Dharwar Reef Company to sell its undertakings to a new company called the Kabulgitti Gold Mines, Limited, has been favourably received by the general body of shareholders, evidence of which, is to be found in the fact that upwards of 7,700 2s. non-cumulative 25 per cent. preference shares have been subscribed. The company starts with a much reduced capital as compared with the Dharwar Reefs Company, thus enabling the profits to be distributed more quickly.

INDIAN EDUCATION.

No Royal Commission.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 31.

The "Pioneer" understands that it has been decided not to send out to India a Royal Commission of Education. This, it says, will be good news to all who have the prospects of genuine progress at heart.

INDIAN GOLD FIGURES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

The gold figures for the India Office for the week ending the 22nd May, to-day published, show a total check figure of £5,895,524, the closing balance being five million six hundred thousand pounds.

INCREASED SALT REVENUE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

The revised salt revenue figures, to-day published, show that in the thirteen months ending the 30th of April last the consumption has been larger than the estimates by four and three-quarter lakhs of maunds, and the revenue better than the estimates by four and three-quarter lakhs of rupees.

TANGAIL POLITICAL GANG CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 31.

The Sessions Judge of Mymensingh has admitted an appeal in the Tangail political gang case, in which a student of the local school and another were sentenced to two years each.

BEATEN BY BUDMASHES.

Arrest of a Mahomedan.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 31.

The Mymensing police have arrested a Mahomedan in connection with the death of a Muktear of Kishoreganj, who died two days after being beaten by budmashes while returning from the bazar to his home.

POLICE CORRUPTION IN EASTERN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 31.

Police corruption is being alleged against several officers in Eastern Bengal. At Rungpur, a Sub-Inspector has been dismissed, and another prosecuted for extortion and wrongful confinement. Two head constables are charged with bribery. At Chandpur, a police officer was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for illegal arrest.

INDIAN OPIUM FOR CHINA.

False Rumours Officially Contradicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

The following Press Note was issued to-day:—

Rumours have been persistently floated during the last fortnight to the effect that the Chinese authorities are imposing special taxes on Indian opium and that in some places its import into China has actually been prohibited. Official enquiries by the Government of India have not elicited any confirmation whatever of these reports. The rumour about the exclusion of foreign opium seems to be baseless. The import of the drug into the province of Szechuan is understood to have been prohibited some time ago, but inasmuch as no Indian opium finds its way into that Province this can have no effect upon our import trade. As regards the taxation there seem to have been proposals in the Kwantung Province to levy duty upon manufactured opium, but steps have been taken by the British Consular officers to ensure that duty is not preferential against Indian and in favour of Chinese opium and as a matter of fact no tax has yet been imposed. The alarm which these rumours have caused in certain circles is no doubt responsible for the impression that to-morrow's opium auctions are to be postponed. There is no truth in this and the auction will take place as notified

THE BLOOMFIELD MURDER.

Enchancement of Sentence Sought.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 31.

The Bloomfield murder case which formed the subject of interpellation in Parliament and the subject of comment, both here and in England, is again before the High Court. Bloomfield, an indigo planter of Behar, was murdered by six of his tenants for refusing to register their deeds. One accused absconded and five were convicted by the Sessions Judge of Champeran and sentenced them to transportation for life. On appeal Mr. Justice Mitter altered the conviction and sentenced them to various terms of imprisonment, ranging from three to seven years. The absconder has now been arrested and sentenced to seven years by the Sessions Judge. Government considered the sentence inadequate and moved the High Court for the enhancement of the sentence. Justices Harrington and Tennon who heard the case took time to consider the decision.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Advisory Board Proposed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

The Government of India has been considering the question of the creation of an Advisory Board consisting of commercial men to assist the Manager of the Eastern Bengal State Railway and a reply will now be sent to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce. It is extremely doubtful if the suggestion is practicable or acceptable.

LORD MINTO'S SUCCESSOR.

Announcement Likely Next Week.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

It is finally settled that Lord Minto will not avail himself of any extension of tenure and the question of his successor is now almost settled. An announcement may be made during next week.

BREAKING DOWN A NATIVE HUT.

European Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 31.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day convicted a European Assistant of Messrs. Andrew Yule and Company named W. H. Brondie of mischief by breaking down a hut belonging to a Bengalee and fined him Rs. 250. The complainant will get the whole amount of the fine as compensation.

ALLEGED MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.

Jeweller Seeks Heavy Damages.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 31.

After a protracted hearing of the case brought by Trichinopoly Gopinath Tawker, a well-known Madrasi Jeweller, against Talichurn Sett, claiming damages of Rs. 3,55,200 as damages for alleged malicious prosecution, was concluded to-day before Mr. Justice Fletcher. This is the sequel to the criminal case brought in the Police Court by the Sett against Tawker and the latter had to pay Rs. 32,000 for his defence. After the conclusion of arguments his Lordship reserved judgment.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST BILL.

Improving Municipal Administration.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

The Calcutta Improvement Trust Bill is still under discussion and it is expected that the final draft Bill will be sent Home next month and a telegraphic reply be asked for. The Bill will be brought forward before the Bengal Council during the rains. After this measure is passed the Government of India will proceed to consider a Bill to amend the Calcutta Municipal Act. It is expected that the Bill will be on the lines of the Bombay Act and a non-official Chairman and an official Commissioner for Executive work will be tried.

CLEVER ARREST OF A THIEF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, MAY 31.

A clever arrest has been effected here by Sub-Inspector Jogini Bose, of the Dacca Kotwali, in a theft case. A servant of a local cloth merchant having stolen the bill of lading took delivery of cloths worth Rs. 3,000 from the station. The Police, having got scent, captured the accused and recovered the goods to-day.

MATHERAN NOTES.

The Retiring Superintendent.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MATHERAN, MAY 30.

The weather is glorious, and the hill is full. Rugby Hotel is as crowded as ever, and so are the Parsi and Hindu hotels. The native sports will not be held this year, because the amount subscribed was not sufficient to cover the expenses. It will, however, be used for a better purpose, namely the distribution of grain and blankets among the poor of the hill and the valleys.

The Superintendent, Major Macpherson, I.M.S., having completed his term of office, will leave the station at the end of the season. He has won the esteem and love of the residents and visitors to such an extent that there was a general desire to give him a public entertainment and address. The idea had to be abandoned, because as a Government servant, he cannot accept the honour. However, a number of friends, chiefly Parsis, invited him yesterday to an afternoon party at the camping ground behind Pinto's Hotel. The grounds were decorated, and the function was enlivened by Mr. Talati's Deolali school band, which, I see, is in great request on such occasions on the hill. Khan Bahadur Nowroji Pestonji Vakil having made a brief speech in appreciation of the services rendered by the Superintendent to the hill, Dr. M. E. Pavri enumerated at some length his merits as Magistrate, Sanitary Officer, and President of the newly-constituted Municipality. He referred to the success with which he had combated a threatened invasion of plague two years ago, observing that the policy he had adopted being conciliatory as well as firm, it produced no friction or irritation.

Dr. Pavri's references to the gentleness and courtesy of Major Macpherson, as well as his kindness to the poor, were heartily endorsed by the company. He informed his hearers that through the efforts of the Superintendent, some of the revenues of Matheran, which used to go into the Government treasury, has now been specially allotted for the improvement of the hill. Dr. Pavri concluded by expressing a hope that the Government would be pleased to reappoint him for another term.

Major Macpherson, in his reply, heartily thanked the company for the honour done to him, and observed that for the assignment of the revenues of Matheran for local improvements he was indebted to the strong support given to his proposal by Mr. Kabraji, the Collector of Kolaba. He hoped that with ampler resources at their command, the authorities might be able to improve the water-supply of Matheran, as well as establish a dairy for the supply of pure milk.

The whole company was then photographed and it dispersed after partaking of light refreshments.

SIMLA MILKMEN'S STRIKE.

New Municipal Tax Resented.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

The milk vendors of Simla have given notice that they will not be able to supply milk to-morrow in consequence of their inability to meet the license fee sought to be imposed by the Municipality from 1st June.

The difficulty the Municipal Committee have to contend with is the fact that very little milk is obtainable in Simla in consequence of the heavy tax on cows and buffaloes. The milk vendors all reside in the adjacent valleys in the neighbouring Hill States and starting from their houses at 8 o'clock in the morning come up to Simla, water their milk at the municipal hydrants, distribute their stuff and return to their villages by noon. There are innumerable approaches to Simla in its multitudinous foot-paths from these valleys. There is no doubt that the general public who depend on the milk vendors for their supplies will feel the strike very keenly as nearly all ailing and convalescent children depend on milk as their principal diet.

The Viceroy, the Commander-in-Chief, and the Lieutenant-Governor all have their own dairies.

THE MOSLEM ANJUMAN OF LAHORE.

Disputes Referred to Arbitration.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 31.

For some time past there have been considerable dissensions among the members of the Anjuman-i-Hamayat Islam, Lahore, the leading Mahomedan Association of the Punjab. Matters ultimately came to the Law Court for decision when the leading members intervened and they appointed a Board of Arbitrators consisting of men of both the parties to settle the differences. The final decision of the arbitrators is anxiously awaited. In the meantime the Hon'ble Mubariz Khan Tevana has promised a donation of Rs. 2,000 to the Anjuman provided the parties accept without demur the decision of the arbitrators.

ALLEGED POISONING NATUCH GIRLS.

Accused's Strange Defence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, MAY 31.

Mr. G. C. Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate committeed to the Sessions to-day a young gentleman of a respectable family who, with another woman, stood charged with having poisoned two nautch girls sometime ago. In his statement before the Committing Magistrate the accused stated that he was a spy under the C. I. D. who were not pulling on well with the district police who concocted a false charge against him out of spite. Mr. Chatterjee discharged the female accused.

THE RECENT CAWNPORE FIRE.

Elgin Mill Manager's Serious Condition.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, MAY 21.

Mr. Silver, Manager of the Elgin Woollen Mills, who was badly injured at the recent disastrous fire in Cawnpore, was brought up last Wednesday to the Walker Hospital for treatment. A very successful and difficult operation was performed on him to-day.

PRESS FORFEITURES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 31.

The paper "Yugantar" and the leaflet "Kumar Singh" are forfeited here by a notice in the "Fort St. George Gazette."

THE quality of Sheffield-made saws has been demonstrated in Melbourne by the owner of a saw which was bought as far back as 1846, and is still doing good work.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

A GREAT SPORTSMAN.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 13.

No section of the British people more deeply deplore the death of King Edward VII than sportsmen. This is, because the dead monarch was such an ardent sportsman himself, and which contributed largely towards his great popularity. The late King showed his sympathy with sports and pastimes in various ways, and as all the world knows, he particularly favoured horse-racing and the breeding of cattle. In connection with his love of animals, it may be mentioned that he was responsible for the stopping (to a great extent) of the custom of mutilating the ears and tails of dogs.

In his youth, the King did some big game shooting in India, and all his life he showed a liking for game shooting. He was also a supporter of cricket, football, cycling, golf, motoring and athletics, and it will be fresh in the memory of many readers that he attended the opening ceremony of the Olympic Games of 1908. Yachting was another favourite sport of the late King, and he won many trophies with his famous yacht "Britannia."

ON THE TURF.

It was as a patron of the Turf, however, that King Edward was best known to sportsmen. The most memorable occasion of his life was at Epsom last year, when he led Minoru back to scale after the colt had won the Derby. His Majesty was greatly impressed by the enthusiasm of the people, while his action of going unattended into the vast crowd, was an object lesson to foreigners who are used to seeing their monarchs closely guarded. Prior to the success of Minoru, the King had won the Derby with Persimmon and Diamond Jubilee, but that was before he came to the Throne. Another noted triumph was that of Ambush II in the Grand National of 1900.

In all the late King's horses won 118 races on the flat, the total amount in stakes being £137,263. It is rather strange that the only success of the Royal colours this season was on the day the King died, Witch of the Air, securing the Spring Plate at Kempton Park, the news of which afforded the dying monarch much pleasure. Curiously enough, a like thing happened two centuries ago, a horse named Star, carrying Queen Anne's colours to victory at York on the day of her death.

THE NEW KING.

King George V has so far taken no very active part in horse-racing, but as he is a member of the Jockey Club, it is expected that he will follow the example of his illustrious sire. We do know, however, that the new King is keen on many sports, and he is considered to be about the best game shot in the country. He is also an expert salmon angler and a strong supporter of football, (both codes), lawn tennis and athletics. He personally handed the medals to the winners at the last Amateur Athletic Association championships, and it is also pleasing to remember that his eldest son was a frequent visitor to the last Olympic Games. All this is satisfactory, for while our Kings are good sportsmen, they will be good monarchs.

TO ENCOURAGE FIELD EVENTS.

A few enthusiasts met in London at the end of last week and took steps toward forming an association for the encouragement of field athletics. The need of such a body is apparent to all who follow athletics, for the recognised governing association shows little inclination to foster those branches of sport at which Englishmen cut a sorry figure. Representatives of the United Kingdom won more Olympio events than all the visiting competitors combined during the last Olympiad. Athletes born within the British Empire also won the majority of the purely track and field athletic events, but the manner the home cracks were outclassed by the Americans in many of the field events, was humiliating.

FAMOUS BRITISHERS.

There is no reason why British athletes should not hold their own with the rest of the world in jumping, weight-throwing, etc., equally as well as they do at long distance running. It is only a question of cultivation, and when they do take to the game, they do well, as instanced by the performances of G. Grey and D. Horgan (shot putting) J. S. Mitchell, W. M. Barry, and J. Flanagan (hammer-throwing), M. Sheridan (discus throwing), G. W. Powden, P. Leahy and M. Sweney (high jump), C. B. Fry, W. J. M. Newburn and P. O'Connor (long jump). All these famous athletes were born within the British Empire, though Sweney and Sheridan went to America when very young and learnt their athletics there. This is pointed out to show that the breed of Britishers is all right for jumping, hammer-throwing, etc., and the want of success in recent years, is entirely due to inattention.

Since our American cousins took to long distance running in earnest, they have made wonderful progress, and what they have accomplished in this direction, Englishmen can do in regard to field sports.

PEDESTRIANISM.

Two important professional foot races were decided during the week. C. E. Holway of America and B. R. Day of Ireland tried conclusions in a 220 yards match at Wigan, the visitor showing excellent form. He gained from the start, and won by four yards in the good time of 22 secs. This illustrates what a wonder Donaldson of Australia is, as the latter "lost" Holway in the world's 100 yards championship at Johannesburg.

The other match was at the Marathon distance, the principals being E. Bouchard of France, and J. Price of England. They ran at Stoke, where the track of four laps to the mile is a fast one, and the race proved that Bouchard is a much improved runner. He soon got away from Price, and was half a mile in front at 19 miles, so that it was not surprising that the Birmingham man retired at 22 miles, the visitor being allowed to stop. Bouchard set up now British professional records from 18 miles to 22, his time for the latter being 2 hours 6 mins. 5 secs., the 20 miles mark being passed in 1 hour 53 mins. 13 secs. This performance stamps the Frenchman as a real champion, and he will trouble the best.

CRICKET.

Although the weather lately is aptly described by one of Blumenthal's famous songs, and consequently unfavourable for batsmen, some of the cracks have been scoring freely. As every cricketer knows, the effects of a hot sun on a wet pitch soon brings about a condition of things beloved by bowlers. Thus the centuries of P. Perrin (144) and the Rev. F. H. Gillinghams (141) for Essex against Cambridge University were very meritorious. As Buckenham and Tremlin also bowled with great effect, the Cantabs had a bad time, and were easily defeated. It may be added that Buckenham secured 8 wickets for 91 and Tremlin 6 for 45.

Another notable performance was H. S. Altham's not out innings of 148 in the Oxford University trial match, and he looks like proving a tower of strength to the Dark Blues this season.

Old and new blood asserted itself in the Yorkshire vs. Northamptonshire match this week. The win of Yorks by 145 runs was greatly due to those old stalwarts Denton and Rhodes, who made 66 and 41 runs, respectively. Another of the old brigade in Hirst took 5 wickets for 30 runs in the first innings, while the newer element in Newstead and Drake were also to the fore. The last-named looks likely to develop into a fine all rounder, as besides batting well, he took 3 wickets for 18 runs. Newstead also bowled with effect, his 6 victims only costing 43 runs.

TYLDESLEY IN FORM.

Another of the old school in Tyldesley hit hard in the Lancashire vs. Derbyshire match, his innings of 75 including two sixes.

A feature of the Kent vs. Oxford match on the opening day was the bright innings of K. L. Hutchings, whose contribution of 53 was made in his usual forcible manner. Another notable performance was the bowling of P. H. Le Couteur, who took 5 Kent wickets for 24 runs, and he is a decided acquisition to the Varsity side.

Curiously enough, Cambridge University appear to have a new bowler of great promise in N. J. Holloway, who took 5 wickets for 30 runs against Surrey yesterday.

IN GENERAL.

At a meeting held at Liverpool a few days ago, an association to govern both amateur and professional foot racing was started.

Inman again looks likely to defeat Reece in their billiard match of 16,000 up, the Londoner being 500 in front with the game three-quarters over.

Before returning to Australia it is the intention of P. Beaurepair to visit America.

Some fast times were accomplished in a five miles roller skating race at Brixton this week. All British amateur records from one mile and upwards were broken, E. W. Bussey, the winner, getting home in 16 mins. 26 3-5 secs.

J. T. Phelps has commenced his duties as coach to E. Barry, and he will accompany the Putney man to South Africa for the match against Arnst for the world's sculling championship.

E. Voigt, the four miles champion, beat E. Owen, the one mile champion, in a two miles scratch race at Manchester last Saturday.

Many critics on this side of the Atlantic think the Tomy Burns and Sam Langford match in September will prove more interesting than the Jeffriss vs. Johnson contest.

R. E. Walker, the 100 metres Olympic champion, informs the writer that he refrained from running in the level sprint at Nottingham on Saturday owing to a slight strain to his foot. He hopes to be well enough to compete at the Amalgamated Press Sports on the 21st, however, and proposes running in the half mile.

OFFICERS IN DEBT.

Life in the Austrian Army.

The indebtedness of officers in the Austrian Army has become of late years so general that energetic action has been found necessary to stop the serious wastage of officers which it directly or indirectly causes. It is not so much the debts of extravagant subalterns in expensive cavalry regiments that has made this action imperative but the fact that practically the whole of the officers in the army are struggling under a burden of debt which they are unable to meet from their own resources. There are about 34,000 officers on the active list in the Monarchy, and of these, a Vienna correspondent writes about 80 per cent. have no allowance from their parents or private means, but have to subsist entirely on their pay. Now the pay of a lieutenant, whether in the infantry, cavalry, or artillery, is £70 per annum, besides small "supplements" for quarters, servant, etc.; that of an upper-lieutenant £85; and of a junior captain £100; while a senior captain, who will generally have had seventeen years' service, receives £125, and must wait seven more years before he reaches field rank, with an income of £170 a year.

Austria is, however, a dear country. In the cities the cost of living is perhaps higher than anywhere else in Europe. At the same time, the strict caste feeling encouraged in the officers' corps of course makes it impossible for its members to live like civilians drawing similarly slender incomes or even like the State civil servants of corresponding rank. Officers cannot be seen in inferior cafes or restaurants, the gallaries of the theatres are forbidden them, they cannot travel third class by rail or—in Vienna—even use a one-horse cab. Their uniforms, which they wear always must be irreproachable. In these circumstances the wonder is not that practically all the junior officers contract debts with the exception of some ascetic young men in remote garrison towns but that they should be able to borrow enough to live standsegemass at all.

A whole army of moneylenders, however, prey on these young men; the security is better than might appear at first sight, because failure to pay interest or instalments is attended by dire penalties. The moneylender reports the defaulter to his colonel who gives him a short respite to settle the matter. If he cannot do this he has to send in his resignation, unless he prefers, as only too many do, to end his troubles by shooting himself. Marriage for money and the use of the wife's dowry to extinguish the debts are, of course, an obvious and favourite method of setting things straight, but a lieutenant is not allowed to marry unless one party or the other can deposit a capital of £2,500. Not every infantry subaltern can find a bride with so much; if she has less they must wait until he reaches a higher rank, when the deposit required is correspondingly smaller.

In these circumstances the Austro-Hungarian Government has decided to devote the huge sum of £2,000,000 towards relieving the indebtedness of the officers of the army. This sum will be employed in granting loans at very low interest to officers for the purpose of paying off their debts, proper precautions being taken to ensure that the money is actually applied to this purpose while at the same time the matter will be kept as secret as possible. The maximum a lieutenant will be allowed to borrow will be £125, and upper-lieutenant £200, and a captain £320. These amounts are small but it is believed they will suffice to deliver a very large number of officers from the hands of usurers and so save the State from the loss of many who would otherwise be ruined, and put fresh heart into others whose efficiency is seriously affected by the incessant struggle to keep their heads above water. The money will come from various military funds devoted to assisting soldiers wounded on active service, the moneys of which have accumulated to several times their original amount in the in the 44 years of almost unbroken peace which the Monarchy has enjoyed. The scheme will come into force on the Emperor's eightieth birthday.

THE KING'S MEMORIAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your yesterday's issue a correspondent writes on the King's memorial that a Women College for Royal and noble families be established in the late King Edward's name. No doubt it is a noble idea and would be welcomed by the public. But in my humble opinion the Women College should not be confined to one particular class: it should be for all women in India. We all know that the ideal of British Government is that class, creed and colour should not be considered, therefore the College should be for all classes of women in memory of King Edward. It seems to me from the tenor of the letter that "India's Well-wisher" is not so well acquainted with her, otherwise he would not have proposed a college for Indian Royal and noble ladies. These classes would hardly fill the college and how could a college admitting the Royal and noble ladies and excluding their more needy sisters be all India's memorial?—Yours, &c.,

ANANDRAO SITARAM DALVI.

Bombay.

CIVILIAN CONTROL OF MILITARY AFFAIRS.

The paramountcy of the amateur is an established characteristic of Anglo-Saxon methods of government. As it is in the United Kingdom so also it is in the United States. In both countries, unlike others, the local expert shares the unhonoured fate of the local prophet, and the headship of public departments is seldom bestowed upon men who have enjoyed the consequently doubtful advantage of learning by practical experience even the rudiments of the work required of them. General Peel, indeed, became Secretary of State for War, in spite of the fact that he had formerly proved himself a capable soldier, but chiefly because of his relationship to a distinguished Minister of the Crown, and Lord George Germaine (born Sackville), of infamous Minden memory, for no reason that any man can understand, unless it be that the verdict of the court-martial by which he was cashiered from the Army, for cowardice and incompetence, was accepted as sufficient proof of his military incapacity and consequent fitness to direct the military affairs of an illogical nation! Lord Kitchener is generally acknowledged to be one of the greatest of military organisers ever born, and for that reason alone, apparently, his services are to be refused. Contrast with the shelving of Lord Kitchener the appointment of Mr. Lloyd George as Chancellor of the Exchequer! In both these cases we have for qualification "vox et præterea nihil"—and strict conformity with conventional practice. What is a ship? "Oh! what an "excellent" First Lord of the Admiralty you would make!"—just like Mr. McKenna. The great Golden Image set up by King Nebuchadnezzar was but a pigmy compared with the many-headed idol that represents in this England of ours the Apotheosis of Sham.

A LESSON FROM THE UNITED STATES.

In his very interesting and instructive "History of the Confederate War" which has just been published the author Mr. George Cary Eggleston asks "Is it any wonder that a war so blunderingly conducted by ignorant civilians on both sides was prolonged to four times the length it ought properly to have endured? Is it any wonder that under such ignorant direction the war cost scores of thousands of lives, needlessly sacrificed by mismanagement, and hundreds of millions of needlessly expended treasure?" This outburst very justifiably follows the description of how Mr. Judah P. Benjamin, "a lawyer who happened to be Secretary of War, without any adequate knowledge of the military situation, without any skill in the art of war without consultation with Jackson and even without sending his orders through Jackson's commanding officer, Johnston, presumed to order Jackson to undo all his work, and withdraw his forces from points of commanding importance, which had been won with difficulty and at a cost of positively heroic sacrifice.' Jackson, in spite of the greatly superior forces arrayed against him, had just succeeded in gaining strategical control of the Shenandoah Valley, and the most vital point occupied by him was Romney, the defence of which place he entrusted to Loring's division, thereby making, as the late Colonel Henderson has explained, a "grave mistake." Loring was not a loyal subordinate, and owing to other faults of their commander, his troops were exceptionally ill-disciplined. By an act of gross insubordination, an appeal against the undeniable hardships suffered at Romney was made to the Secretary of War, with Loring's concurrence. Mr. Benjamin at once gave orders to Jackson for the evacuation of the post. Jackson complied, but forthwith sent in his resignation. Pressure was speedily brought to bear on the Secretary of War, and Johnston induced Jackson to continue serving. But the mischief had been done. Triumphs were afterwards won in "the Valley," in spite of reverses also sustained, but the situation was never again so favourable as at the moment when Mr. Benjamin so culpably dislocated the plans of the general on the spot—"that Napoleonic commander," as Mr. Eggleston styles him. "Well would it have been for the Confederacy," wrote Colonel Henderson, "had the President himself been wise enough to apply the warning to its full extent." To the very end Jefferson Davis insisted upon being supreme; though, when too late, he permitted Lee to handle his own army as he thought right; but Lincoln, having learned wisdom while there was yet time to act in accordance with its dictates, opportunely gave Grant a free hand, and thus the war was ended in favour of the North. In February 1865 the Confederates, whose case was already desperate, might have obtained sufficiently favourable terms of peace; the process of vigorous attrition applied by Grant to Lee's now comparatively exiguous army was costing the Federals enormous losses, and Lincoln was sincerely desirous of preventing further bloodshed; but Jefferson Davis, contrary to Lee's advice, was obdurate; the Conference of Hampton Roads broke down, for as Mr. Eggleston tells us in the last of his illuminating chapters, "with the Confederacy manifestly conquered, Mr. Davis insisted that its commissioners should adopt the attitude of conquerors dictating terms of peace to a vanquished enemy." Two months later Lee was forced to surrender with the remnant of his gallant army, yet in the meantime thousands of men had uselessly perished in battle, or, in the Confederate case, by starvation and exposure—victims of civilian control.

THE LESSON APPLIED AT HOME.

Colonel Henderson wrote: "The American people may be forgiven for their failure to recognise the deplorable results of the system they had inherited from the Mother Country. The English people had been equally blind, and in their case there was no excuse. The mismanagement of the national resources in the war with France was condoned by the victories of Wellington. The vicious conceptions of the Government, responsible for so many useless enterprises, for waste of life, of treasure, of opportunities, were lost in the blaze of triumph in which the struggle ended. Forty years later it had been forgotten that the Cabinet of 1815 had done its best to lose the battle of Waterloo; the lessons of the great war were disregarded, and the Cabinet of 1853-6 was allowed to work its will on the Army of the Crimea." To this indictment, published in 1898, it seems permissible now to add that the weakness of the Cabinet of 1899, and the disloyalty of the Opposition, were jointly responsible for most if not all of the lives and treasure sacrificed in South Africa. As for the egregious follies of 1792-1815, the testimony against them is in the pages of Alison and Fortescue is as complete as it is unimpeachable; the results are still with us in the shape of at least £600,000,000 of the National Debt. The 100,000 officers and men killed died or permanently invalided in the West Indies alone would have sufficed if properly used to prevent Napoleon from ever reaching the Imperial Throne—to the saving of our wasted millions. Even in 1815 the Cabinet had not learned the importance of refraining from interference with the man at the wheel. Wellington was not allowed to have a voice in the selection of his Staff for the Waterloo campaign and had a crowd of incompetents therefore thrust upon him.

ARMCHAIR CRITICS.

Almost as pernicious as the direct interference by Ministers of the Crown are the ignorant and too often malicious criticisms uttered by irresponsible persons in the House of Commons and elsewhere. Foul abuse of our own soldiers was freely poured forth during the Boer War by political opponents of the Government, for party purposes, and at all times there are found knaves to preach and ignorant people to be deceived. Military law, for example, is a target at which people who know nothing about it are never tired of discharging verbal missiles. Only the other day Mr. Haldane, wisely though tardily advised by some common-sense member of the War Office staff, augmented the powers of commanding officers so that the period for which a man may be sentenced to "detention" by summary award has been increased from fourteen to twenty-eight days. Hands have been held up in horror at this "promotion of petty tyrannies." What is the actual effect of the change? Simply that a soldier guilty of an offence for which his commanding officer thinks that an award of twenty-eight days' detention involves a sufficient punishment, need no longer be tried by court-martial, unless he himself shall so elect. The commanding officers is obliged by law, before awarding detention, to inquire whether the prisoner would prefer trial by district court-martial to receiving the summary sentence. But even this right of appeal is actually superfluous; the soldier would be equally safeguarded against miscarriage of justice if permitted to demand, merely that the evidence against him shall be taken on oath and recorded in writing. Trials for any but really grave offences are mere waste of time, except in doubtful cases which the commanding officer does not feel justified in deciding forthwith lest he should punish the innocent or let the guilty go scot-free. At courts-martial, however the smallest shadow of doubt will ensure an acquittal, and a verdict of guilty is never recorded except on the clearest evidence. No innocent soldier has ever suffered through the eloquence of counsel; but in civil courts "wretches hang, that jurymen may dine."—"Pall Mall Gazette."

IN THE LAND OF RELIGIONS.

"Maji, Maji" (mother), cried Chandu, as he came in through the front door, which always stood open from early morning till ten at night. "I have brought a Memsaheb with me who wants to know something about Indian life." So saying, he pointed with his finger at an Englishwoman who was standing in the doorway.

It was a little one-storeyed house, situated on the main thoroughfare of the small town. There was the narrow verandah with wooden vermilion columns and sky-blue walls, which were decorated with grotesque frescoes illustrating scenes from the "Ramayana," one of the great Sanskrit epics. The floor was encarpeted. On crossing the threshold of the door which opened on the verandah you entered a pink-walled room. On a small mattress lying in one of its corners, with a huge barrel-shaped pillow resting against the wall, Chandu's mother was seated cross-legged. A black 'sari' enveloped her. She was not old. She had an olive-coloured skin, which is one of the essentials of beauty in Indian eyes. Her face was mild and meditative. If anyone had looked at her carefully he would have found no hair on her head and no jewellery about her person, for she was a widow. Round her neck a rosary of black beads could be detected. In her lap lay a hymn-book. She had been wondering why Chandu had not come for his midday meal. He was a good and dutiful son to her. He knelt at her feet every morning to receive her blessings. He never spent a single pice from his monthly salary without her knowledge. He did not touch 'daru' (spirituous drink) with the Sojjar log (soldiers,) although he was fond of their society. But there were occasions when she would feel wretched and murmur to herself "Chandu knows English, so he might lose his caste some day and become a Vilayety" (an Englishman.)

On hearing Chandu's words she got up from her seat and approaching her visitor with a cordial smile said, "Come in Memsaheb."

Then, turning towards her son, she said, "Bring a chair and put it near the door for Memsaheb; she cannot be allowed to go too far within our house with her shoes on." Chandu did what he was bidden. The visitor took her seat on the chair offered to her and cast a hasty glance at the room. She saw a few abominable oleographs decorating the walls. Except an armchair and an old dining table, on which a few clothes a brass box full of betel leaves, and three or four books were lying chaotically, there was nothing in the shape of furniture there. Then, turning to Chandu's mother, who was standing near her, she said: "I am very much interested in India and the Indians. Tell me what was that book which was lying in your lap when we came here! Is it some Hindu story book?"

"No, Memsaheb. It is a book of sacred hymns." Then after a little pause the visitor said: "I wonder how you can pass your life immured in this house, seeing hardly anybody to exchange ideas with. Why have you laid your jewels aside? Where is your hair? You are good-looking. You ought to marry again. It is a great pity that you Indian women do not try to be free like us."

Chandu's mother looked upwards with mingled joy and registration in her eyes.

"Parmeshwar, Parmeshwar" ("O Omnipresent"), she muttered, Memsaheb does not understand our ways. It is sinful to marry again. I gave myisoul to my husband on the day of our marriage. Death has not divided us. What do I care for the empty shows of this world? I used to dress my hair prettily and wear beautiful necklaces, bangles, and rings in order to please my husband. It is impossible that another man can take his place in my heart. I am free! There are no petty cares and troubles to worry my mind now. My son supports me. I devote all my time to God, who will unite me again with my dead husband in our next life."

The ineffectual conversation lasted for a few minutes longer. Though the same words were used, yet they conveyed different meanings to them. The hostess then went up to the old dining table and took out a betel leaf from the brass box which was lying on it. She rubbed a little lime on its surface, put scrapings of betel nut, a small piece of cinnamon, and a few grains of cardamom over it, then, folding it up in such a way as to give it a triangular shape, offered it to her guest, saying, "Memsaheb will deign to eat this pan."

This offering of the "pan" conveys a delicate hint to the guest that it is time to depart. At that time Chandu, who had gone to some other part of the house, leaving his mother and the English visitor together, returned and whispered in his mother's ears, "I had a bath before taking my meal in order to cleanse myself from the touch of this lady's society. But I have to go out with her again, as she wants to see our temple."

"Very well, my son," said the mother in a low voice, "you must bathe again after your return from the temple. It is pollution for us to be with these cruel-hearted people who kill and eat the sacred cow."

The English guest had risen from her chair to go. The pious widow made a "namaskar" to her—that is, joined the palms of her hands together. Chandu and the Englishwoman were soon trudging along the dusty roads of the town. The temple was reached, but the priest would not allow Chandu's companion to enter it unless she took her shoes off. This she consented to do. Many parts of the temple were lying in profound darkness. There was a smell of new and decaying flowers, of oils, and of clarified butter in the air. At the end of a long and narrow passage there was the inevitable image of a goddess placed on a high silver altar which was covered with reach brocades. It was almost three feet high, and was decorated with diamond and pearl necklaces, with garlands of Jessamine and marigold. There were brass and silver lamps, which cast a dim light in the gloom. On the right-hand side of the alter stood a middle-aged priest. Except a dhotar, which covered him from the waist down to the knees, he wore no clothing. There were symbolic red marks on his body which indicated the sect to which he belonged.

Chandu fell on his knees before the idol and was soon absorbed in prayer. Among other things he prayed to the goddess to absolve him from the sin of having brought an unbelieving woman into the temple. But she for whose soul he was praying was busy looking at everything in the temple with unemotional curiosity. She could not understand why the priest had smeared his body with red paint. The mystic light of the temple lamps and the unfamiliar smells made her feel uncomfortable. She felt like laughing at this show, which to her appeared bizarre, meaningless. Then she raised her eyes involuntarily towards the priest, who happened to be looking at her so intently that she felt instinctively that he was reading the thoughts which were passing in her mind. He smiled on catching her eye and said quietly; "God is one, indivisible and omnipresent. You, I this image, this temple, this country, this earth are so many soap-bubbles which will be dissolved some day into Nothingness."—V. B. Mehta in the "Manchester Guardian."

DEPARTURES.

Per S.S. "Koerber," June 1.

List of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice via intermediate ports per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "Koerber," to-day, from the Victoria Dock, No. 15. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at the Victoria Dock, No. 15, to-day, at 3 p.m. sharp. Deck passengers and Native servants must be at the Port Health Disinfecting Station, Frere Road, near Prince's Dock, with all their luggage and kit to-day at 1 p.m. sharp:—

Abramoff, Miss D	Horn, Mr W
Allum, Mr and Mrs E F	Joss, Miss F W
Beaham, Miss D	Jones, Capt L A M
Benson, Miss A M	Khan, Mr R
Beckert, Mr and Mrs O	Maller, Mr T C
Blum, Mr J	Mannhein, Mr R
Boores, Revd Father	Mould, Rev H
Boese, Revd H	Norbers, Mother Mary
Bommer, Revd and Mrs	Patriola, Mother Mary
Bull, Mr	Petters, Mr J M
Casserley, Major J H G	Poddiussany, Mr A G
Courpalsis, Mr C	Rossignol Le, Mr W
Daziel, Mr A	Robinson, Mr G
Dall, Dr E	Schroeter, Rev Father J B
Dwarkadass, Mr	Stakelum, Mr E R
Edmonds, Mr T J	Sennaider, Mr W L
Forest, Mr	Spieler, Miss
Grainger, Miss K	Shah, Mr M M
Grossmann, Revd and Mrs and infant	Seiler, Miss
	Thatley, Mr
Ghandy, Mr D J	Vacha, Mr and Mrs A M[s]
Ghandy, Mr S K	2 children and infant
Gandhi, Mr C K	Vakil, Mr J A
Hand, Miss	Walton, Mrs E
Hillier, Mr J W	Welch, Mr J

HINDU GYMKHANA AT MAHABLESWAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A movement was started here some time ago among the Hindu visitors to this Hill to establish a Hindu Gymkhana Club here which has progressed very successfully. There was a long felt want of a Hindu Gymkhana here on the lines of the European Gymkhana Club, and some few days ago some of the prominent Hindu gentlemen thought of supplying that want. The movement, no sooner was it started, met with prompt response and in less than a forthnight as many as Rs. 22,000 were subscribed. On the 22nd day of May a meeting of the Hindu gentlemen who have come here, was held at Yenna Lodge, the bungalow of Sheth Purushottam Vishram Mawjee when a working committee, consisting of the Hon'ble Mr. Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, Sheth Purushottam Vishram Mawjee, Sheth Anandjee Nanjee, Mr. M. A. Joshi, Mr. Madhowjee Damodar Thackersey, Mr. D. G. Sukhadwala, was formed to collect subscriptions and carry out the object of establishing here a Hindu Gymkhana Club.

Thanks to the exertions of the Working Committee, large and munificent have been the sums subscribed, His Highness the Maharana of Rajpipla, taking the lead and subscribing Rs. 5,000 towards the Gymkhana. The Chiefs of Miraj, Jamkhandi, Mudhols and Aundh, and several other Hindu gentlemen have each contributed Rs. 1,000 and over. The Gymkhana Club will be styled the Maharana Shri Chhatrasingji Hindu Gymkhana Club. At the meeting of the Hindu gentlemen again held to-day at Sheth Purushottam Vishram Mawjee's bungalow, where many gentlemen were present, several important resolutions were passed which will be seen from a copy of the proceedings of that meeting herewith enclosed.—Yours, &c.,

S. R. KIRTIKAR,
Former Captain, Hindu Gymkhana, Bombay.

Proceedings of a meeting held at Yenna Hall, Mahableshwar, this 29th May, when the following gentlemen were present:—Sheth Gordhandas Khattan, Sheth Dharamsey Morarji Gokuldas, Sheth Purushottamdas Mangaldas Nathubhoy, Sheth Anandji Nanji, Sheth Charandas Chaturbhuj Morarji, Sheth Madhowji D. Thackersey, Sheth Dwarkadas Jekisondas, Sheth Vithaldass D. Govindjee, Sheth Gordhandas Purushottamdas, Sheth Hurdass Narranjee, Sheth Vithaldas Narayandas, Sheth Purushottamdas Chaturbhuj, Sheth Dharamdas Nagardas, Sheth Haridas Keshavjee, Rao Bahadur G. R. Nimbalkar of Baroda, Mr. M. V. Joshi, Mr. Naginadas T. Master, Mr. G. R. Kirtikar and Baboo Bhagawanlal Panalal, and others.

1. It was proposed by Mr. Gordhandas Khattan and seconded by Mr. Purushottam Vishram Mawjee that Sheth Purushottamdas Mangaldas Nathubhoy do take the chair. Passed unanimously.

2. Proposed by Mr. Nagindas T. Master and seconded by Mr. M. V. Joshi that a Gymkhana Club be established at Mahableshwar to be styled the Maharana Shri Chhatrasingji Hindu Gymkhana Club. Passed unanimously.

3. Proposed by Mr. Gordhandas Khattan and seconded by Mr. Anandji Nanji that a Managing Committee consisting of the following members be appointed to hold office till the 15th June 1911 with power to add to their number:—H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla, President; the Chief of Mudhole, the Chief of Jamkhandi, the Chief of Miraj, the Chief of Aundh, Hon'ble Sir Vithaldass Damodar Thakersey, Sheth Gordhandas Khattau, Sheth Purushottamdas Mangaldas, Sheth Anandji Nanji, Sheth Narotham Morarji Goculdas, Sheth Dharamsey Morarji Goculdas, Sheth Charandas Chaturbhuj Morarji, Sheth Dwarkadas Jekisondas walla, Sheth Madhowji D. Thakersey, and Mr. N. V. Mundlik, and that Messrs. Purushottam Vishram Mawji and Mr. M. V. Joshi be appointed Secretaries and Treasurers and ex-officio members of the Managing Committee. Carried unanimously.

4. Proposed by Mr. M. V. Joshi and seconded by Mr. Purushottam V. Mawjee that the Managing Committee be empowered to do frame the constitution for the Gymkhana Club for submission at the next year's Gothumbi Meeting at Mahableshwar in the first week of May 1911; (b) to negotiate for and purchase or otherwise acquire suitable site plots, buildings, etc., for the Gymkhana Club on the name of Sir Vithaldas D. Thakersey, Sheth Purushottam V. Mawjee, Sheth Dharamsey M. Goculdas, Mr. N. V. Mundlik, as representatives of the Hindu Gymkhana Club; (c) to lay out and spend an amount for the above purpose not exceeding Rs. 12,000 and generally for all other purposes connected with the Gymkhana Club; (d) to do all other acts and things in furtherance of the object to the Gymkhana Club; (e) to appoint, if necessary, a Sub-Committee for all or any of the above purposes. Passed unanimously.

5. Proposed by Mr. Gordhandas Khattau and seconded by Mr. Dharamsey M. Goculdas that the Chairman be thanked. Carried unanimously.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

Captain Gray, 34th Horse, to be A. D. C. to the Commander-in-Chief, vice Captain Medlicott.

Major H. Macdonald to be Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Madras, vice Major O'Meara, appointed Director, Army Clothing.

Captain Castle, Nots and Derby Regiment, to be Superintendent, vice Major Macdonald.

Major Franks, Staff College, Quetta, has three and a half months' leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Moore, Army Veterinary Service, proceeds to England for duty.

Miss D. L. T. Moore to be Senior Nursing Sister, Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service, vice Miss Hunt retired from 25th instant.

Nursing Sister, Miss E V Harold, retires from 25th July.

The Government of India have directed that if an Indian soldier, while absent from his regiment on leave, is found to be in possession of arms and ammunition, not covered by a pass granted by his Commanding Officer, he will be made over to Military authorities for trial.

A reservist may possess arms and ammunition for his personal use on a license from the Magistrate of the District in which he resides which will be granted free of license fee provided the application has been submitted through and is recommended by the Officer Commanding the applicant's late regiment or battery.

St. Paul's School, Agra, and St. Patrick's School, Agra, are notified as recognised institutions under the Shelter Scheme.

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CRICKET IN SIMLA.

Patiala vs. Simla.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 31.

The cricket match between Patiala and Simla came off to-day at Annandale punctually at 11-30 a.m. Patiala won the toss and decided to bat and when the board showed only 19 runs for two wickets the game was stopped on account of rain. Play was resumed at 4 p.m., and at 6 p. m. when the stumps were drawn the Patiala men were all out for 198 runs of which Tara Chand contributed 82 and exhibited good display of batting. Napier and Baily bowled well for Simla taking 4 and 2 wickets respectively. The game will be resumed again on Thursday next. The following are the scores:—

PATIALA.

Mistry, b Napier	... ...	... 8
Jaswan Singh, c Mandell, b Napier		... 29
Tara Chand, c Napier, b Scott		... 82
Jagindar Singh, b Mandell	...	... 14
H H the Maharaja, c Lockett, b Napier..		3
Gurbuksh Singh, c Scott, b Baily		... 16
Bolwan Singh, c and b Baily....		... 0
Abdul Ghani, not out....		... 17
Kishar Singh, c Todd, b Rev Barne		13
Jala Singh, b Rev Barne	... ...	3
Jalaram, b Napier ...	... ...	1
Extras ...	... ...	12
Total		... 198

CRICKET FIXTURES.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA "A" TEAM.

Saturday, June 18—Trial Match, Home ground
Saturday, June 25—B B & C I Railway, Home ground
Saturday, July 2—Islam Gymkhana, Away
Saturday, July 9—Elphinstone Col past and pr, Home ground
Saturday, July 16—St Xavier's College, Home ground
Saturday, July 23—Hindoo Gymkhana, Away
Saturday, July 30—Parsee Gymkhana, Home ground
Saturday, August 6—Islam Gymkhana, Home ground
Monday, August 8—
Tuesday, August 9—Jamnagar, Away
Wednesday, August 10—
Thursday, August 11—Rajkot, Away
Friday, August 12—
Saturday, August 13—Kathiawar, Away
Friday, August 19—
Saturday, August 20—Poona Gymkhana, Home ground
Saturday, August 27—Parsee Gymkhana, Home ground
Friday, September 2—
Saturday, September 3—Poona Gymkhana, Away
Wednesday, September 7—Byculla Club, Home ground
Thursday, September 8—Hindoo Gymkhana, Home ground
Saturday, September 10—G I P Railway, Home ground
Monday, September 12—
Tuesday, September 13—Kathiawar, Home ground
Saturday, September 24—Baronet C C, Home ground

BOMBAY GYMKHANA "B" TEAM.

Saturday, June 18—Trial Match, Home ground
Saturday, June 25—St Xavier's High School, Away
Saturday, July 2—Mechanics Institute, Parel, Home ground
Saturday, July 9—Young Hindoo C C, Away
Saturday, July 16—Fort and Proprietary High School, Away
Saturday, July 23—B B & C I Railway, Home ground
Saturday, July 30—Elphinstone High School, Away
Saturday, August 6—Wilson Col Gymkhana, Away
Saturday, August 13—St Xavier's College, Home
Saturday, August 20—Municipal C C, Away
Saturday, August 27—Young Men's Christian Association, Away
Saturday, September 3—Fort and Proprietary High School, Home ground
Wednesday, September 7—Elphinstone C C, Away
Thursday, September 8—Improvement Trust, Away
Saturday, September 10—P & O S N Co, Away
Monday, September 12—Bombay Gas Co, Away
Tuesday, September 13—
Saturday, September 24—Union Cricket Club, Away

PRESIDENCY FIXTURES.

Thursday, September 8—
Friday, September 9—
Saturday, September 10—Presidency vs Parsees, Poona

TRIANGULAR CONTEST.

Thursday, September 15—
Friday, September 16—
Saturday, September 17—Parsees vs Hindoos, Home ground
Tuesday, September 20—
Wednesday, September 21—
Thursday, September 22—Presidency vs Winners of 1st Match, Home ground.

CARTAGO AND ITS EARTHQUAKES.

In spite of their terrible earthquakes, the uplands of Costa Rica have been described as the Paradise of Central America. "There eternal summer dwells." There elevation is about 6,000 feet, and the climate is always warm and mild, the hillsides are green, and clear streams tumble down into valleys thickly planted with the coffee shrub.

Just a year ago, writes a correspondent, I spent some days at Cartago, now in ruins. This little town of about ten thousand inhabitants is by no means a novice in seismic matters. Once the capital of single chamber Costa Rica, an exceptionally terrible shock came some eighty or ninety years ago, and the seat of government was transferred to San Jose, not many miles away. The history of the town is wrapped in considerable obscurity owing to the destruction of its records, but it was coming steadily into prominence once more as the seat of the Central American Peace Court which, it is hoped, will put an end to the fratricidal wars of Central America.

The town stands half-way up the huge volcano Irazu, and as far as the eye can reach the virgin forests extend. Two or three days' march will take the traveller to the edge of unexplored country where the rude tracks are garnished with skeletons as a hint to him to pause in his journey. Even the adventurous Spanish conquerors were chary of venturing into the forests.

When I was there the little town was excited and elated over the Peace Court, and I went with four of the judges to see the half-finished building. One of them was Senor Bacanegra, the cultivated Guatemalan representative, whose wife and children are unfortunately reported among the victims. Another was Senor Madriz, who is now President of the Nicaraguan Republic. These gentlemen and the Canadian doctor were most hopeful of the prospects of banishing war from Central America, as two troubles which threatened had already been decided and the awards accepted. Besides the Court a magnificent stone cathedral was in course of erection which would be one of the finest church edifices in Latin America. The little town was proud besides of its long, straight street, and had an air of the modest prosperity.

Cartago is only about twenty-four hours journey from Colon, and therefore, like its larger neighbour, San Jose, it is becoming a favourite health resort for the "gold" employees of the Panama Canal. As the train winds slowly up the mountain side, crossing again and again the foaming Reventazon the scene provokes exclamations of delight from the passengers. "Like California," say some.

M. Maurice de Waleffe, who journeyed to San Jose two years ago to see the inauguration of the new Court whose building has just come to such an untimely end, describes the luxuriant vegetation of the coast region, and then adds: "When the train has left these enchanted plains to ascend into the mountain region where stands the capital, the scene is changed from that of Ceylon to those of the Cantanas or Engadine. It is still very beautiful, though less unfamiliar to the European eye. The route crosses torrents and precipices over dizzy iron bridges. Here we bid good-bye to the banana growers and negroes and we begin to see the coffee plantations and the aboriginal Indians."

Little by little, as the same writer reminds us, the scene becomes monotonous. Great stony tablelands spread their sad sterility between all too few prairies which have nothing of rare interest. But to one who has been accustomed, as I have been, to the Punjab or the nitrate deserts of Chile, these green appear delightful, and the country seems ideal for the sheep farmer. The sympathy of the world will go out to the amiable and hospitable Costa Ricans who have suffered this calamity and all will hope that the works of peace will re-emerge from their ruins, if not at Cartago, at least in some safe spot in Central America.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

The services of Captain W P G Williams, M B., I M S are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras for employment in the Jail Department.

Rai Kesh Nand, Bahadur, Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, United Provinces, is appointed to be an Instructor on the staff of the Imperial Forest College, Dehra Dun, with effect from the afternoon of 30th April in place of Mr. Dhanjisha Nasarwanji Avasia.

From the same date, Mr. Dhanjisha Nasarwanji Avasia, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, reverted to his substantive appointment on the Central Provinces cadre.

Mr A W Smart, Government Examiner of Accounts Bengal and North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Government Examiner of Accounts, Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr R A O'Connor on privilege leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel P Z Cox, C S I C I E a Resident of the 2nd class and Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, was employed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department from the 4th to the 31st March both days inclusive.

Captain F E Wilson Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Plague Medical Officer, Peshawar, with effect from the 13th December, 1909.

Mr. G F Shirras, an officer of the Indian Educational Service, and Mr Sarat Kumar Datta-Gupta, an officiating Chief Superintendent in the office of the Comptroller and Auditor General, have been placed on special duty under the Finance Department, with effect from the 24th and 21st May, respectively, as First and Second Assistant to Mr. K L Datta, officer on special duty for an enquiry into prices.

The Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910 (Act II of 1910) is applied to the territories administered by the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent. All the districts in British Baluchistan shall, for the purposes of the said Act, belong to the Karachi Circle of issue.

Mr R H MacNair, I C S, has been posted as Assistant Accountant General in charge of the Paper Currency Office, Cawnpore, with effect from 2nd May.

Mr Madhav Prasad Sinha, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant-General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent in that office, with effect from the 24th April.

The following substantive promotions of officers of the Civil Account Department are notified:—With effect from the 1st April; Mr J A Robertson to Class III of Accountants General; Mr A Newmarch to Class I of the Enrolled List; Mr H G Tomkins, to be substantive pro tempore in Class I of the Enrolled List; With effect from the 9th April; Mr. K B Wagle to Class III of Accountants General. With effect from the 15th April; Mr W H Michael, I C S, to Class I; Mr M F Gauntlett, I C S, to Class II but to continue to officiate in Class I, Mr H J Brereton to Class II, and Mr A M Brigstocke, I C S, to Class III, but to continue to officiate in Class II, of Accountants General.

The following officiating promotions of officers of the Civil Account Department are notified:—With effect from the 29th March. Mr H G Tomkins and Rai Nritya Gopal Basu, Bahadur, C I E, to class I of the Enrolled List. With effect from the 6th April Mr L B Ward to Class IV (old scale) of the Enrolled List. With effect from the 9th April, Mr. M F Gauntlett, I C S, to Class I, Mr A M Brigstocke, I C S, to Class II, and Mr J F Graham, I C S, to Class III, Accountants General.

The following reversion and promotions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the dates specified:—Mr A H P Wolferstan, on furlough, from Assistant Collector, Class II, sub pro tem, to Assistant Collector, Class III, substantive, with effect from 4th May; Mr A E Boyd, for Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating, to Assistant Collector, Class II, sub pro tem, 4th May; Mr A S Judge, from Collector, Class I, officiating, Collector, Class I, substantive, 6th May; Mr H F Howard, ICS, from Collector, Class II, officiating, to Collector, Class II, substantive, 6th May; Mr G A Thomas, ICS, from Collector, Class III, officiating to Collector, Class III, sub pro tem, 6th May; Mr W D R Prentice, ICS, on privilege leave, from Assistant Collector, Class I, officiating to Assistant Collector, Class I, sub pro tem 6th May; Mr R F L Whitty, ICS, on combined leave, from Assistant Collector, Class I, officiating to Assistant Collector, Class II, substantive and officiating in Class I, 13th May; Mr P Eccles, ICS, from Assistant Collector, Class I, officiating to Assistant Collector, Class III, substantive, and officiating in Class I, 13th May.

Consequent on the retirement of Lieutenant-Colonel G H Watson, Indian Army, a 1st Grade Cantonment Magistrate, Lieutenant-Colonel W C C Leslie, Indian Army, is promoted to that grade; with effect from the 1st January.

Consequent on the death of Major W S Eerdley-Howard, Indian Army, the following promotions are made, with effect from the 15th March 1910:—Major R W Burton, provisional Cantonment Magistrate, to be substantive Cantonment Magistrate. Major V de V Hunt, substantive Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be Cantonment Magistrate, provisionally. Captain R Scott, provisional Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be substantive Assistant Cantonment Magistrate. Captain W J F M Little, 26th Punjabis, officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, provisionally.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.—Lieutenant Edward John Bolus to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy Dated 11th April Cecil Ensor Dudley to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy Dated 1st April.

Major W. J. McElhinni, R.E., Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is granted combined leave for twelve months (privilege leave for four days and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period), with effect from the 12th May, or subsequent date.

Mr. A. R. Jacobson, Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is appointed to officiate Traffic Superintendent of that railway.

The following promotions are ordered in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, with effect from the 1st April. A. Upson, from Class II, grade 2 to Class II, grade 1; V. H. Boalth, from Class II grade 2, and Class II, grade 1, s. p. t. to Class II, grade 1, and officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent. H C V from Class II, grade 2 to Class II, grade 2; C Stowell, from Class II, grade 3, and Class II, grade 2, s p t to Class II, grade; A Watson, from Class II, grade 3 to Class II, grade 2; D H Keelan D H from Class III, grade I, and Class II, grade 4, temporary to Class II, grade 4; U C Sandys from Class III, grade I, and Class II, grade 4, temporary to Class II, grade 4; Lt C S M C Watson, R E from Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 4, temporary to Class II, grade 4; N N Calder, from Class III, grade 2 to Class III, grade 1; J D Green, from Class III, grade 2, and Class II, officiating to Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 4, temporary; J A D Green, from Class III, grade 2 to Class III, grade 1; A V Hawkins, from Class III, grade 2, and Class II, officiating to Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 4, temporary; W J Carroll, from Class III, grade 2, and Class II, officiating to Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 4, temporary; Lt H G Chippindall, R E from Class III, grade 3 to Class III, grade 2; F R Hawkes, from Class III, grade 3 to Class III, grade 2; R H N Baxter, from Class III, grade 3 to Class III, grade 2; F Jackson, from Class III, grade 3 to Class III, grade 2; C S Ritchie, from Class III, grade 3 to Class III, grade 2.

Mr N A Todd will continue to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, until further orders.

Mr F W Roberts, Superintendent of Works, Allahabad-Rae Bareli-Cawnpore Railway, is appointed to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief for Construction, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, with the temporary rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, until further orders.

Mr H A F Musgrave is appointed, on probation, Superintendent of Local Manufactures for State Railways, Calcutta, with effect from the 6th May.

The following permanent promotions are ordered in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, with effect from the 1st April 1910:—A R Pearse, from Class II, grade 3, to Class II, grade 2; H G N White, from Class II grade 3, and Officiating Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, to Class II, grade 2; Officiating Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent; J A Gregson, from Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 4 temporary, to Class II, grade 4; D L McPherson, from Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 4, temporary, to Class II, grade 4; H D Furley, from Class III, grade 2, to Class III, grade 1; D Cardew, from Class III, grade 2, to Class III, grade 1; J M D Wrench, from Class III, grade 2, and Class II, officiating, to Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 4, temporary.

BY THE WAY.

KING EDWARD'S ILLNESS IN 1871.

The biography of Sir Richard Jebb reproduces from one of his letters of the time a shrewd comment on the illness of the late King which caused such general apprehension in 1871; "Now," remarks Sir Richard, "he is steadily recovering—with a chance, if he knows how to use it, of becoming the most popular man in England. By a pardonable confusion of ideas, people are prone to regard the recovery of a well-

THE LADIES' CORNER.

QUEEN MARY AS A MOTHER.

It can surely be said that no mother in the land is more devoted to her children or more conscientious in regard to their upbringing than Queen Mary. From the days, writes a lady correspondent in the "Daily Mail," when the Duchess of Teck described her eldest child and only daughter as, "She really is as sweet and engaging a child as you could see, so full of life and fun, and playful as a kitten," to the sad moment when they parted for ever, a great feeling of trust and confidence bound the one to the other, and it has undoubtedly been the Queen's earnest wish throughout her married life that the same feeling should exist between herself and her sons and daughter. The Queen has in the past shown the spirit by which she is animated in everything that concerns her children and the management of her nursery. The choice of royal nurses, for instance, is not, as might be supposed, an easy matter.

THE ROYAL NURSES.

The Royal mother has to depend far more than her humbler sister on the judgment of others, for she cannot go and cross-examine the former employers of the woman to whom she is entrusting her baby, and generally she has to accept a candidate of whom her intimate knowledge is nil. Queen Mary, said a writer recently in "Mother and Home," showed, in this matter her remarkable strength of judgment and common sense. "She was determined to be—what every woman should determine to be—on really good terms with her children's head nurse," and she took great pains to obtain a satisfactory one. No detail in her children's lives is too small to occupy the Queen's close and careful attention. She remembers the way in which she was herself always taught to take an intelligent interest and pleasure in everything going on in the world and encourages her children to do the same.

THEIR OWN ORNAMENTS.

"Very early in the lives of her boys and girl she taught them to select for themselves ornaments and pictures for their rooms. The bedroom of Princess Mary is ornamented with a number of charming paintings of cats by one of our foremost lady artists, and the Queen in thus following the excellent example set her by the late King Edward and the Queen-mother, is a great patroness of modern art, and seldom visits a picture gallery without making purchases." The Queen has her children a great deal with her. Fortunately for herself, she is very methodical. For some years she acted as private secretary to her mother, and now, even in the height of the London season she plans out all her days, so that it is possible for her to give a certain amount of time to her children, and whenever it is suitable one or more of them accompany her to semi-state functions and to social gatherings. "It is significant," says the same writer, "that she has never allowed her sons and daughter to behave in the spoilt and disagreeable fashion common to so many children of their age." She seems to have hit the happy medium between too great strictness and too great indulgence; possibly she is well aware that most royal children in other lands are treated to an alternative regime, strictness being left to the parents, while friends and sycophants are foolishly indulgent.

NO LONG LESSONS.

"In yet another matter the children of the Queen have been very fortunate. Their parents have taken an exceptional interest in everything that concerns health and medical science, and the Queen has always been untiring in her efforts to secure the physical well-being of her little ones. She realises that for one child who is cross and naughty from nature there are a hundred who are so because they feel, or are, ill." And her Majesty is a great believer in fresh air and even in London the young Princes and their sister have spent a great deal of their time out of doors. "Her Majesty it seems has never made the mistake of allowing or encouraging her children to have very long lessons, and here she is in agreement with the most advanced thinkers of our time, who have become aware that very serious injury may be done by overtasking young brains." People are apt to think that the lines of royal men and women lie in exceptionally pleasant places, but royalties themselves know well that if they have great privileges they also have exceptional trials. To such a mother as the Queen the leaving of her children for long months at a time, as she has several times had to do, must be the bitterest of ordeals. Needless to say, during these times she kept in as close touch as possible with those in charge of her little ones, and it is an interesting fact that she had a cinematograph fixed in the royal yacht, so that they might be able, whenever she chose, to see a living and moving presentment of her little ones playing and working.

LOVE OF CHILDREN.

It may, perhaps, be said that the Queen's intense love and care for her children make her in a sense the friend of all British mothers. Her advice has often, it is said, been asked by those of her relations who are themselves parents and she spares no trouble on their behalf. Anything to improve the condition of children, and especially babies, has in her an enthusiastic helper and advocate. She is a constant visitor to those charities which have made the care of children a special object, and on her visits to the children's hospitals of London she is generally accompanied by one or other of her sons, as well as by Princess Mary, who is becoming as close a companion to her mother as was the Queen to the Duchess of Teck. The Queen does not make the mistake so many mothers make in every class of life—she does not think, that is that her task as regards her sons is over when they pass out of the nursery stage of existence. Since the new heir to the throne these has been training for the Navy, his mother has kept in constant touch with him and with those to whom has been relegated the terribly responsible task of fitting the royal youth for his future kingship. By the Queen's special wish she had a house in the Isle of Wight where when her innumerable engagements permitted she could be for a few days at a time near her son. Royal personages even the mightiest, are, as a rule, helplessly bound to routine, custom, and precedent, and the apparently small fact that Barton Manor, a non-royal residence, was ever prepared for occupation is a great tribute to her watchful mother-love, and to her power of carrying out what she believes to be her duty. Queen Mary has never lost sight of the fact that in a very few years her little daughter, the only sister among so many brothers, will be perforce an example to the maidens of our great Empire. Princess Mary of Wales will have a great responsibility laid on her girlish shoulders.

TRAINING A PRINCESS.

Her dresses no doubt will be copied, her way of holding herself imitated; anecdote will be told of her, as they were of Queen Victoria's elder daughter, and as they are now all over Germany of the Kaiser's only girl. Small wonder that the Queen, when Princess of Wales, appears to have devoted anxious thought and constant personal attention to the question of the little Princess's training, and that she, unlike most busy mothers, contrived to have the child so constantly with her. Princess Mary even now is no stranger to the many charities and social interests with which her parents busy themselves; she is taught to feel for those less fortunate than herself, and, what is more to the purpose, she is shown how to alleviate their pain, thus, as the mother of a daughter as well as being the mother, guide, and friend of her boys, the Queen has fully lived up to her responsibilities and high destinies.

AMERICA'S two new battleships will each have a displacement of 27,000 tons and ten 14-inch guns for armament.

Major-General F. E. Chamier, one of the few surviving officers of the force that relieved Lucknow attained the age of seventy-seven during mail week.

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

"Les Demi-Morts" of M. Tony d'Ulmes, though hardly a novel with a purpose, is very distinctly a "roman a clef," being a vivid account of the sufferings of the unfortunate beings attacked by tuberculosis. His hero, Olivier—his surname seems to be nowhere mentioned—is a journalist, happily married to a young and charming wife, and arrived at that stage of his profession when he is just able to "get along." Knocked over by hard work, he consults a doctor, and learns with horror that his lungs are attacked, and that his only chance of cure lies in a winter spent in idleness in the South. His courageous wife decides that, with an advance from a convenient publisher, this can just be managed, and we next see him in a second-class carriage speeding for Cannes, while his wife remains in Paris to support herself as best she may be playing the piano as an exhibition and by giving music lessons. The paltry discomforts of the second-rate hotel to which Olivier is consigned are well described, and then begins a series of sketches, evidently from the life, of its different guests, all, with hardly an exception, attacked by the same malady as Olivier, and their different ways of dealing with the situation. All this is woven with considerable skill into a connected story, through which runs, like a thread, the fearful part which the scourage of tuberculosis plays in the affairs of mankind, and the discord and disunion that it causes in families. Thus we are introduced to the invalid in the very last stage of the disease, being nursed with the greatest devotion by his young and charming wife, who nevertheless deceives him with his best friend, and only returns from the Carnival in time to see him die. Then there is the rich young woman with congenital disease of the hip-joint, assiduously nursed by a mother who gives up her life to her, and who yet is not forgiven by the daughter for having married a man attacked by the scourge. It is, however, upon the poor that the scourge falls heaviest, and the most tragic episode in the book is that of a lovely peasant-girl who, like her mother, contracts the complaint from the linen of consumptive patients which her poverty compels her to wash. There is really much to be said for the author's position that the hotels in the Riviera are, in one sense, centres of distribution for the disease, and that in, at any rate, the poorer ones, no antiseptic precautions are taken against its spread. In the long run, Olivier manages to get cured, and his wife, having saved, in some manner little short of miraculous, money on the infinitesimal sums she receives for her piano-playing, contrives to join him, and to spend a fresh honeymoon on the Riviera before returning with him to Paris. Thus the story may be said to end happily; but one wonders where the confiding publisher would have looked for his money had Olivier not been cured. One hears so much from the confraternity of authors of the ill-deeds of Barabbas that it is worth while to point out that if not he were informed of Olivier's real state of health at the time the advance was obtained, he acted with real generosity, and that if not he was being cheated.

GOOD PSYCHOLOGICAL WORK.

Apart from these ethical questions, a great part of the book has certainly been "lived," and we should probably not be far wrong if we considered it more or less autobiographical. But its strongest point is certainly its psychology; and the picture that M. d'Ulmes presents of the mind of Olivier, with its alternate fits of depression and exaltation, his longing for the presence of his beloved Madeleine, and the passing attraction—only damped by the good sense of its object—which he feels for a beautiful Italian countess exiled to Cannes by the appearance of the first symptoms of consumption, and sadly neglected by the lady-killing officer she has married for his beauty, is as skilfully drawn as it is true to life. So, too, the apparent contradiction in the conscience of Mme. Narval, who makes up for her deviation from the path of virtue with her husband's friend by the assiduity with which she nurses her moribund spouse, is most subtly indicated, and can be paralleled by the generosity of the lame Mlle. Sigeand, mentioned above, who, while not ceasing to torture her affectionate mother for her contempt of eugenical doctrine, yet finds herself able to assist, with much tact, a poor Polish musician and his wife, who would otherwise have been compelled to return to France half-cured from lack of funds. In these cases, as in the one of the pretty laundress who, when attacked with the disease, sells herself to provide sustenance for her invalid mother, the author does not cease to instil into us the conviction that there is some root of goodness in things evil.

A GRAECO-JEWISH PLAY.

Ever since the days of "Athalie" certain aspects of the Hebrew religion have had an apparently irresistible attraction for playgoers; but it has generally been found impossible to display these without the use of Scripture episodes, which prevent the author from having any story to tell. This difficulty seems to be overcome by M. Albert du Bois in his "Aphrodite et le Kheroub," which was played at Cabourg last year, and has now appeared in print in a leading Parisian review. Here he introduces a Hebrew chieftain, Eladah whose wife, Shelomith, is in love with his brother Hophnim. This last, instead of returning her passion, has set his affections on Rhodeia, and Athenian slave-girl captured by Eladah in some hitherto unrecorded raid of the Hebrews into Greece. Shelomith, in view of the Levitical law which compels Hophnim to marry his brother's widow, poisons Eladah, only to find that Hophnim is arranging to fly with Rhodeia to Athens, where one would have thought that a Jewish chieftain would hardly be welcome. She wishes to claim Rhodeia as her share of the inheritance so that she may crucify her but, in the event, all the personages of the drama find themselves before the image of the Kheroub—which is M. du Bois way of spelling Cherub—in the desert, where the Prophet Ezekiel is administering justice. Accused by Hophnim of murder, she retorts by accusing Rhodeia of sorcery, and this last is called upon by Ezekiel to curse Aphrodite. This she refuses to do, and is in consequence put to the ordeal which appears to consist in standing between the arms of the colossal image which has the traditional four heads of line, eagle, bull and man respectively. She emerges unscathed from this, and as her would-be torturer refuses to undergo the same ordeal, and confesses her crime, she is first stoned, and then burned on a pyre, which seems to have been got ready for the purpose. This somewhat simple plot is complicated by the introduction of another Grecian slave-girl, this time a Spartan, who hides an image of Aphrodite in the pedestal of the idol, and at the last reveals the fact, and stabs herself. The whole play is in blank verse, with some lyrics, and, although, it is difficult to judge from merely reading it, seems to be not wanting in dramatic power. The last scene in the desert should be impressive, if the author's elaborate stage directions were successfully carried out, and the piece would seem worth the attention of English playwrights in search of a sensation.

FORMER DEMISES OF THE CROWN.

The event which has plunged all Europe into mourning, and which occupies all thoughts at present, has naturally set one reading the accounts of what happened on similar melancholy occasions in the days of our forefathers. The contrasts is very marked, and helps to bring home to us the extent of the loss that the Empire has really suffered. Thus Groville, writing in 1830, says 'The present King and his proceeding occupy all attention and nobody thinks any more of the late King than if he had been dead fifty years unless it be to abuse him and to take up all his vices and misdeeds." It is more pleasing to find that the Grunther afterwards confesses that he was wrong in the estimate had formed of the character of William IV and that so far from his being distinguished by a general wildness which was thought to indicate incipient insanity he records after a year or so longer that he made an incomparable King." Coud he have anticipated the outburst of loyalty which forms the most hopeful feature of the present situation, he would have been much astonished; yet the change in popular feeling is due to nothing else than the actions of our last two Sovereigns. It is with every confidence that one wishes that the reign now beginning may be as happy.

THE SANCTIONS OF MORALITY.

M. Emile Faguet's "La Demission de Moralle" does not imply, as one might hastily judge from its title, that morality is departing from the earth; but is a most readable and even witty analysis of the different sanctions or penalties under which morality—using the word in its largest sense—has in all ages been enforced. Of these, the respect humain or consideration for the opinion of others has probably been the most widespread and taking all things into consideration the most efficacious. It has been repeatedly pointed out that no laws or rules however stringently enforced are so binding upon the consciences of savages or school boys as their own codes of ettiquette; and perhaps it is as well that it is so. At any rate these codes do not change with the kaleidoscopic rapidity of State-made rules, and are perhaps more dependent on the dictates of common sense than we are at first inclined to fancy.

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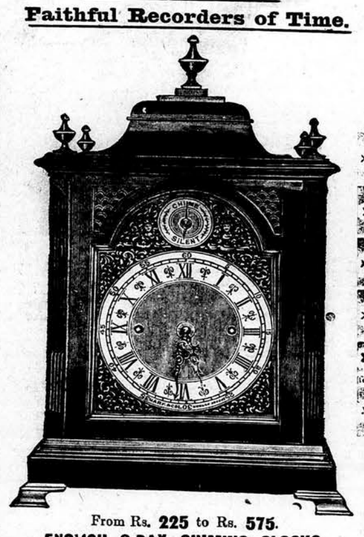

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(Sd.) CHUNDRA MADHAV GHOSE.
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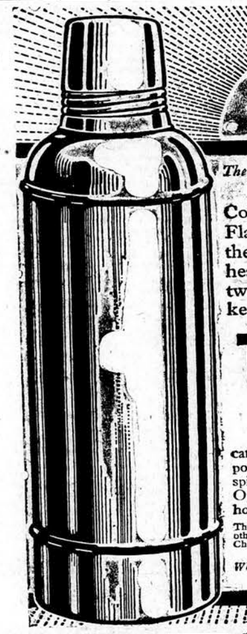

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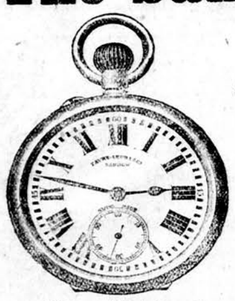

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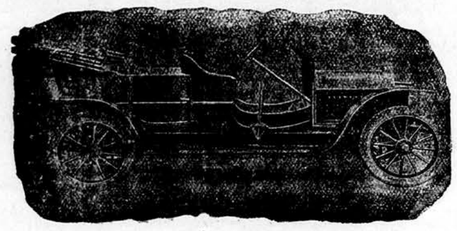

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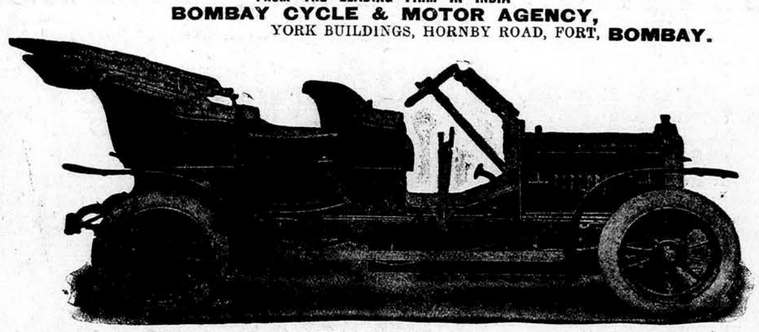

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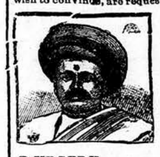

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